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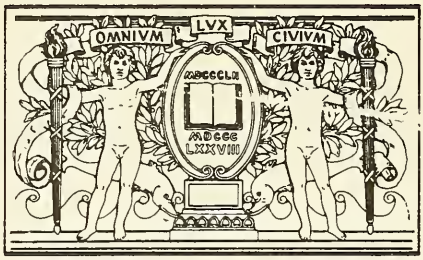

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MRS. ELIZA J. (MARKS) LINES.

MARKS-PLATT ANCESTRY

Compiled by
ELIZA J. LINES
NEW HAVEN, CONN.

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PUBLISHED BY REQUEST OF AMASA A. MARKS

SOUND BEACH, CONN.

1902
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PREFACE.

It will readily be seen that the contents of this book were not intended for publication, being of interest to only a few families.

Since the organization of so many patriotic societies some members of our family made inquiries in regard to their eligibility to join some of them, and the result of investigations has gradually accumulated so much material that it is thought worth preserving by printing.

During these researches it has been found that much valuable manuscript has been lost by fire and other causes. Six pages of Milford Church records are missing, etc., etc.

In copying from histories, biographies, and genealogies, it has been the aim to give credit to the author, and copy whatever might aid descendants in further researches.

No one can realize the laborious work of searching old records and manuscripts unless one has had the experience; neither can one realize the pleasure and interest of reading old documents written centuries ago; also, visiting the ancient homes of one's ancestors, where, in fancy's vision, one can see the welcome smile and cordial greeting of their friends as they crossed their threshold; and often one is reminded of the lines by Longfellow on visiting the home of the famous artist, "Albrecht Dürer of Nuremberg,"

> "Fairer seems the ancient city,
> And the sunshine seems more fair
> That he has trod its pavement,
> That he has breathed its air."

One is privileged to meet some very charming persons that they would not have met otherwise—also, in corresponding with

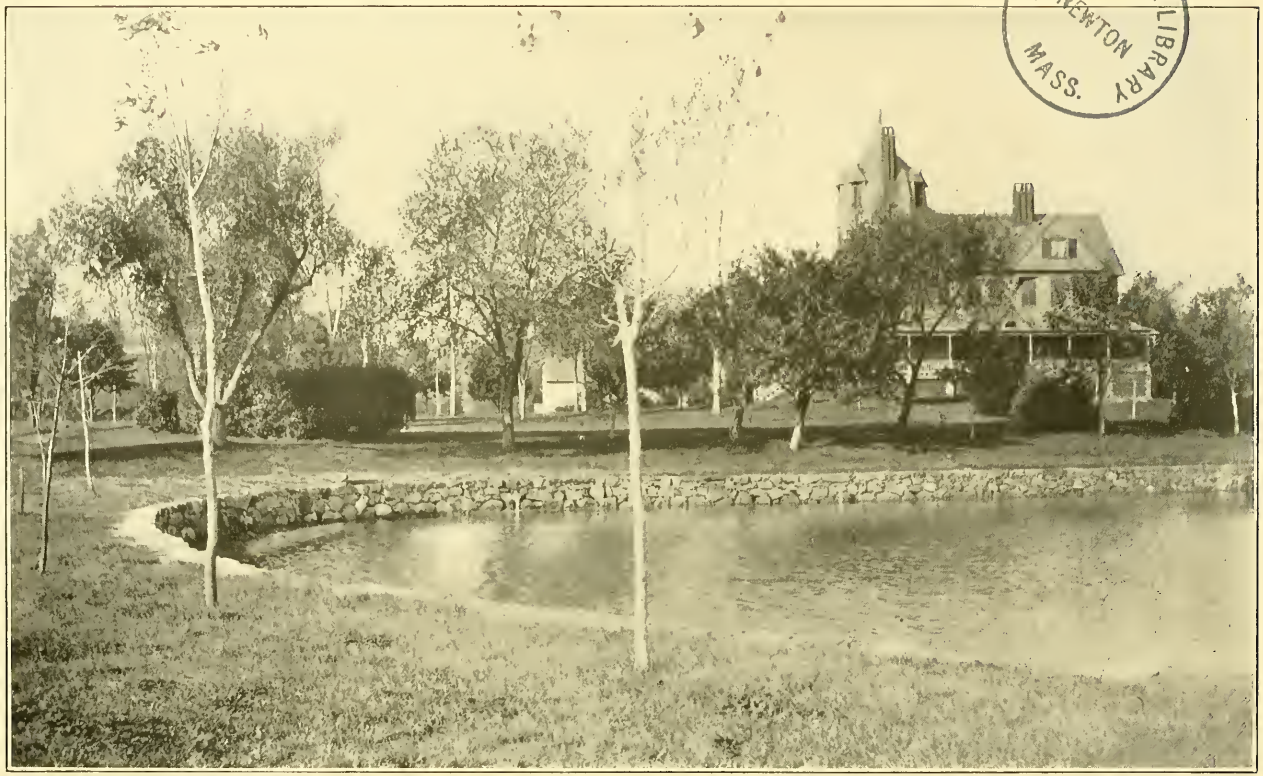
distant kindred, one's heart throbs with delight in receiving such very kind messages of love and encouragement.

There is necessarily much repetition in a work of this kind, so many of our ancestors came in the same ships and under similar circumstances.

There are probably some errors which possibly some one may be able to correct.

There are some genealogies in process of compilation,—Jones, Ives, and others,—which will doubtless add much information.

Any information or corrections in regard to names or data will be gratefully received by Mrs. E. J. Lines, New Haven, Conn., or Amasa A. Marks, Sound Beach, Fairfield Co., Conn.



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AMASA A. MARKS.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES

OF THE

ANCESTRY OF AMASA ABRAHAM MARKS.

DAVID ATWATER.

David Atwater came to New Haven with Davenport and Eaton. He was a merchant, and one of the planters of New Haven. A home-lot was assigned him on one of the principal squares of the new town, but he had a farm between East Rock and Quinnipiac River, where he lived, and where some of the name have continued to the present day. He outlived most of the original planters, dying in 1692, 54 years after the immigration. He married Damaris Sayres, daughter of Thomas Sayres of Long Island, one of the original purchasers of Southampton.

His son, Jonathan Atwater, was one of the earliest of New Haven's successful merchants, and his profits from trade were such as might well have satisfied the commercial ambition of the planters. The inventory of his estate as found in the Probate Records covers over eight closely written folio pages, and gives a variety of objects great and small, suggestive not only of wealth but of the processes of its acquisition. There are several farms with tracts of land amounting to some four thousand acres, province bills and interest-bearing notes, a stock of merchandise for a retail store, indicating barter in local produce and manufacture from beyond the seas, such as fine cutlery, silks, broadcloth, Turkish wrought cushions, a wardrobe containing a number of coats with silver buttons; a gold seal ring, an ivory headed cane and a watch that had belonged to Mr. Dixwell the regicide; and finally three negroes, a form of property less common in Connecticut than farther south. The sideboard was adorned with pieces of heavily wrought silver, and some of the furniture was elegant as well as the wardrobe.

The whole estate was appraised at £15,323, which was nearly half as much as the official valuation of all estates in New Haven.

Robert Atwater of Royton, Linhan Parish, Kent, England, inherited from his father, John Atwater, who died in 1501, and grandfather Thomas Atwater, who died in 1480, extensive landed estates in Royton, and the adjoining parish of Boughton Malherbe, which were entailed to David Atwater, the New Haven planter.

1. David Atwater, b. 1615; m. Damaris Sayre.
2. Jonathan Atwater, m. Ruth Peck.
3. Ruth Atwater, m. Samuel Ives.
4. Jonathan Ives, m. Thankful Cooper.
5. Thankful Ives, m. Uri Tuttle.
6. Amasa Tuttle, m. Esther Tolles.
7. Esther Tolles Tuttle, m. Levi Merwin Marks.
8. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy Platt.

LIEUTENANT FRANCIS BELL.

Lieutenant Francis Bell was a native of Yorkshire, England, and came to Massachusetts with Rebecca his wife, forming part of a company led by Sir Richard Saltonstall, some of whom settled in Wethersfield and other towns in the New Haven Colony. A copy of the coat of arms of the Yorkshire family is in the possession of John V. Hecker of Noroton, Conn., whose wife belongs to the Bell family.—*Fairfield Biography.*

He was one of the 29 settlers of Stamford, Conn., who were assigned land there in 1640. "A firm Puritan in forms and principles."

His name with four others are affixed as purchasers of Stamford to the record deed of lands from the Indians represented by Tephanoe and Powahay. In 1644 Mr. Bell and Mr. Slauson were commissioned to invite Mr. John Bishop, then living in Boston, to succeed Mr. Denton as pastor of the Stamford Church. They went on foot, taking their provisions with them, and returning in the same manner in company with Mr. Bishop, the latter carried his bible under his arm. This book

is still in possession of one of his descendants in Stamford, and is said to have come over in the Mayflower.

Mr. Bell was one of the commissioners to procure the union of the two colonies in 1644,—was several times representative and one of the nine persons named in the patent of Stamford, May 26, 1685.—*Huntington's History of Stamford.*

In giving a list of the inventory of Mrs. Francis Bell, *Picturesque Stamford* says: The "pewter is regarded as the family plate," its amount and value indicating, generally, the relative wealth of the several households. She was the wife of a prominent and substantial townsman and doubtless presided over one of the most comfortable homes of the settlement.

His daughter

2. Rebecca, m. Jonathan Tuttle.
3. Nathaniel Tuttle, m. Esther Blakeslee.
4. Nathaniel Tuttle, m. Mary Todd.
5. Uri Tuttle, m. Thankful Ives.
6. Amasa Tuttle, m. Esther Tolles.
7. Esther Tuttle, m. Levi M. Marks.
8. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

MATTHEW BELLAMY.

Matthew Bellamy, a man of education. He was first settled at Fairfield, Conn., and upon the 17th of August, 1682, Benjamin Stone of Guilford conveyed to Matthew Bellamy of Fairfield lands in Killingworth (B. I. P. Killingworth Town Records), two deeds in Fairfield of this kind. Mr. Bellamy removed to Killingworth, "was teacher of the school, which, with Saybrook, Milford, and Brandford, settled in New Haven and became Yale College."

On the 25th of February, 1698, Matthew Bellamy of Wallingford, son of Matthew Sen., of Killingworth, then deceased, conveyed all his father's interests in all his lands in Killingworth to Henry Crane of Killingworth (Town Records of Killingworth). Matthew B., Jr., was in that part of Wallingford now Cheshire, where his son, Rev. Joseph Bellamy, D.D., was born 1719.

His father was a wealthy farmer of great good common sense. He had a large family of children. His will is dated November 3, 1784. He owned a vast estate in land; his personal estate was inventoried and appraised at £2660.2*s*. He had four negro servants (a negro woman appraised at £100; Mingo £500; Lewis £500, and Philip £140); his son James lived at Westbury (Cheshire) on one of his father's farms at date of will. He gave his son Samuel his farm in Farmington, 123½ acres and £200. He provided thus liberally for his other children and wife. He gave £4 to the church in Bethlem, where his son Joseph preached.

Dr. Bellamy went to Bethlehem November 2, 1738.

In 1768 he received his Doctorate of Divinity from the University of Aberdeen in Scotland. Bellamy has three coats of arms, one Lord Mayor of London.—*History of first settlers, by Hinman.*

1. Matthew Bellamy, m. Bethia Ford.
2. Matthew Bellamy, m. Sarah Wood.
3. Samuel Bellamy, m. Mary Jones.
4. Sibyl Bellamy, m. Lazarus Tolles.
5. Esther Tolles, m. Amasa Tuttle.
6. Esther T. Tuttle, m. Levi M. Marks.
7. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

One of the first settlers of Cheshire was Matthew Bellamy, who established his home in the south part of the place. He was a prosperous farmer. His son, Joseph Bellamy, born here, was educated at Yale College, graduating in 1735, at sixteen years. Two years later he began to preach. His reputation became very great all through the colonies. Long before he was settled at Bethlehem, where he spent the most of his professional life, the announcement that he was to preach in any pulpit of Boston, Salem, Hartford, New Haven or elsewhere, would call together hundreds of people from places about. It is told of him that once, while wandering through the then thinly peopled parts of Massachusetts, being but a young licentiate, one Saturday afternoon he rode up to the door of Rev. Jonathan Edwards in Northampton. He was invited to stay and preach a part of the next day. He remained, and in preaching took up the subject of the half-way covenant, a topic at that period bruited much as future probation is now. Scarcely had Mr. Bellamy announced his text and began in his clear and strong manner to set forth views upon a subject so familiar to the great metaphysician, when the latter began to show unusual interest. His eyes were riveted upon the speaker, and he bent forward and gazed at him with admiration. As soon as the service was over and the congrega-

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THE REV. DR. JOSEPH BELLAMY HOUSE, IN BETHLEHEM, CONN.

Built about 1738, by his father, Matthew Bellamy.

tion was retiring, the two ministers were seen in the midst of them, engaged and apparently lost in earnest conversation. Indeed, they had gone some distance from the door of the church before either discovered that Mr. Edwards had forgotten to take his hat. At twenty-two years of age Joseph Bellamy was ordained and settled at Bethlehem. At the age of thirty-two he published his work upon "True Religion Delineated," which gained him great honor, both in this country, England and Scotland. He instructed young men at his home. In fact his place was the principal theological seminary for many years in New England. The greater number of the fathers in the New England ministry were his pupils for a greater or lesser time. In person he was large, tall, commanding; earnest, bold, with voice deep and of great compass. He was a close reasoner, had good use of language, was practical and illustrative.

—*New Haven Journal and Courier.*

CHESHIRE, CONN., February 10.

REV. ADAM BLACKMAN.

REV. ADAM BLACKMAN, the first pastor of Christ Church, Stratford, Conn., was born in Staffordshire, England, A.D. 1599, and was matriculated at Christ's College, Oxford, May 28, 1617. He was a preacher for some years in Leicestershire and Derbyshire, and in 1638 came to New England.

He was one of the original company of settlers in Stratford in 1639–40 and was minister of the church until his death, Sept. 7, 1665.—*Davis's History of Wallingford.*

Rev. Adam Blackman, a clergyman of the Church of England. He preached with eminent success. A clergyman of such pleasant manners and many winning traits, that many of his parishioners followed him to America; "entreat us not to leave thee," said his weeping flock, as they gathered about him. for "whither thou goest we will go, thy people shall be our people, and thy God, our God."—*History of Fairfield.*

1. REV. ADAM BLACKMAN, m. Jane Wheeler.
2. JAMES BLACKMAN, m. Miriam Hawley.
3. SARAH BLACKMAN, m. John Todd.
4. JOSIAH TODD, m. Abagail Fredericks.
5. MARY TODD, m. Nathaniel Tuttle.
6. URI TUTTLE, m. Thankful Ives.
7. AMASA TUTTLE, m. Esther Tolles.
8. ESTHER T. TUTTLE, m. Levi M. Marks.
9. AMASA A. MARKS, m. Lucy A. Platt.

SAMUEL AND JOHN BLAKESLEE.

SAMUEL and JOHN BLAKESLEE came from England about 1636. They were blacksmiths, and brought tools of their craft, anvils, hammers, etc., necessary to set up their forges in the New World. They landed at Boston, and bought what was known as "Boston Neck." Here they established their families and attempted to earn a livelihood, but patronage was poor, and after a few years' struggle they left their possessions and emigrated to New Haven, Conn.

Both of these gentlemen were members of the Church of England.

Samuel died in 1672, leaving an estate appraised at 231 pounds.

Ebenezer Blakeslee and Nathaniel Tuttle settled in North Haven. The latter married Esther Blakeslee, supposed to have been daughter of John and sister of Ebenezer and granddaughter of Samuel. *North Haven Annals* say: "Ebenezer Blakeslee came of good stock. It was under his roof that his neighbors met for many years during the building of the first meeting-house for public worship of God. It was thus that he became the Obed Edom of his fellows, having in his custody an Ark of God while its rude temple was building. In 1723 we find his temple doors opened once more to a little company in sympathy with the old faith of his fathers, who then and there at his hearthstone formed the temporary society which later on became the Church of England in North Haven. Thus literally from the same source, within a few years of each other, sprang the two churches, which for a century and a half have dwelt so pleasantly together. Ebenezer Blakeslee lived long enough to be chosen its senior warden; he was vestryman for the last time in 1764, and died 1766."

HON. ALEXANDER BRYAN.

Hon. Alexander Bryan, one of the first settlers of Milford, Conn., was born in Aylesbury, England, in 1602. He was Assistant Governor of the colony of Connecticut from 1668 to 1673.

He was one of the first important and wealthy settlers of Milford, was connected by marriage to several of the best families in the two colonies.—*History of Milford.*

He married in 1674, Sibyl Whiting, daughter of Rev. John Whiting (son of William), and Sibyl Collins. He left bequests in his will to Rev. John Whiting and Nathaniel Collins.

Alexander Bryan was a very energetic business man, a merchant not only at Milford where he resided, but at Paugasset (Derby).

He was a member of the court at New Haven, also at the General Court at Hartford many years. He was selected by the New Haven Colony in 1655 to send the laws of the colony to England to be printed, and to ship as a merchant the provisions to Barbadoes to procure the money to pay the bill for printing, thus indicating that he was the most extensive trader in the colony. As early as 1640, he "sent a vessel to the Po. Bay (Boston) Harbor laden with beaver and otter, and other precious furs;" and in return brought such goods as were desired at Milford and the region. In 1675 Mr. Bryan, his son Richard, also a merchant, and William East of Milford, merchant, owned two brigs, and one sloop which they kept engaged in trade to the West Indies and Boston, and his vessels probably brought to Derby most of the goods imported, and carried out the surplus provision, furs, and staves for the market.

His credit is said to have stood so high that his notes of hand were as current in Boston as bank bills of to-day.

Richard Baldwin was the first father of the plantation, Alexander Bryan the second.—*History of Derby.*

"In 1690 a brig was built in Milford of 150 tons for Alexander Bryan, and in 1717 the Sea Flower was launched for Richard Bryan."

"Ensign Bryan of Milford sent his ships to England, to the Azores, to Virginia, and as far east as Novia Scotia."

Alexander Bryan left large estates in England undisposed of, as did other first settlers of Milford.—*Lambert's History of Milford.*

"Alexander Bryan married Anna Baldwin in England, daughter of Robert, son of Henry, son of Richard" in Parish of Aston Clinton, Bucks Co., owner of Dundridge 1553. "To Robert Baldwin were bequeathed messuages, lands, and tenements in Flanders, Hempstead, and elsewhere in Hertfordshire. He left small bequests to the poor of St. Leonards, and Cholesbury, and the remainder to his only child Anna Bryan and wife Joan."

The Baldwin Genealogy contains copies of wills of the Bryans and Baldwins found in England, and pictures of some of the buildings, which every descendant should be interested in.

"The name of Bryan was an old one in Hertfordshire. At the 23d and 25th Parliament (Edward I.), Roger Bryan was a Knight of the Shire, and in 1277 lands were held in the parish of Buckmanagh by William and Robert Bryan."

Browning's Americans of Royal descent, page 93: Sir James Bryan, Knight, Marshal of Ireland, married Lady Joan, daughter and heir of James II, 12th in descent from Edward I, King of England.

Richard Bryan, Esq., of Westminster, daughter Anne married 1724 Major General Alexander Spotsford, born at Tangiers 1676.

1. Alexander Bryan, m. Anna Baldwin.
2. Richard Bryan, m. Mary Pantry.
3. Richard Bryan, m. Sarah Platt.
4. Richard Bryan, m. Sarah Treat.
5. Mary Bryan, m. Zachariah Marks.
6. Abraham Marks, m. Content Merwin.
7. Levi M. Marks, m. Esther Tuttle.
8. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

Timothy Baldwin emigrated to New England in 1637, and settled in Milford, Conn., 1639. His homestead was on the west side of Main Street, just south of where the New York and New Haven railroad crosses the trestle work. He joined the church there in 1643. He was the eldest son of Richard of

Cholesbury, Buckinghamshire, England, whose will was made in 1633 and Timothy was executor. He married in Guilford, Mary Mepham (widow of John Mepham), a relative of Governor George Fenwick, or his wife, who was Lady Alice Botiler, daughter of Sir Edward Apsley of Sussex, connected with the Hutchinsons, St. Johns, and others of the eminent and noble Puritan families of England.

Richard Baldwin of Dundridge, in parish of Aston Clinton, Bucks County, made will 1553, proved the same year, wife Ellen, children Henry, Richard, Alice, Agnes, Sicily, Lettice. Henry executor of his father's will 1553, and was owner of Dundridge in 1578. Will proved at London 1602 by Richard son and executor, wife Alice. Will made in 1633 and Timothy executor.

The five Baldwins, heads of families or families were, it is believed, all from Bucks County, England, and nearly related.

Dundridge, Parish Aston, and "the Braie" were granted to Sir John Baldwin, and came to be owned by the line of ancestry which emigrated to New England.

Dundridge a small hamlet.
The descent of Dundridge.

Simon de Montecute died 1316.
William de Montecute died 1319.
William de Montecute, Earl of Salisbury, died 1343.
John, 2 son, married Margeret, daughter and heiress of Lord Monthelm.
John, Earl of Salisbury, m. Maud, died 1400.
Thomas, Earl of Salisbury, m. Eleanor, sister and heir of Earl of Kent, died 1428.
Alice, m. Richard Neville, Earl of Salisbury, died 1460.
Richard, Earl of Warwick, died 1471.
Isabel Neville, m. George Plantagenet, Duke of Clarence, brother of Edward IV, died 1478.
Margaret, Countess of Salisbury, beheaded 1541.

The Manor of Dundridge came to the crown on her attainder. In 1544 it was granted by Henry VIII. as the Manor of Dundridge to Sir John Baldwin, his heirs and assigns.—*Baldwin Genealogy.*

1. Timothy Baldwin, m. Mary Mepham.
2. Sarah Baldwin, m. Samuel Buckingham.
3. Samuel Buckingham, m. Sarah.
4. Samuel Buckingham, m. Silence Clark.
5. Elizabeth Buckingham, m. John Merwin.
6. Content Merwin, m. Abraham Marks.
7. Levi Marks, m. Esther Tuttle.
8. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

Richard Baldwin of Milford was son of Sylvester, who died on the passage to New England on board ship Martin. (Wife Sarah Bryan), son of Sylvester and Jane Welles.

He was baptized in the Parish of Aston Clinton, Buckmanagh, England, August 25, 1622. He evidently had a good education for the times. His handwriting was as fine as any I have seen in any early record. He was quite prominent in the settlement of Milford. He frequently appeared as attorney before the General Court at New Haven.

By a deed given 1661 to Richard Baldwin by Tantomine, Younghitehie, and Towhege Indians, etc., of Paugasset (now Derby). The land between Paugasset and the two-mile Indian path was bought for £5 in goods for Milford by Ensign Alexander Bryan, Sergeant Richard Baldwin, and William East (brother-in-law), the tract east of Indian river and extended to the New Haven purchase, and from Indian path to Oyster River, south to the foot path from Paugassett to New Haven north, was bought for Milford December 20, 1660, by Robert Treat and Ensign Bryan.

The Indian Neck lying between East River and the sound was bought for the town by Ensign Bryan 1659-60, and a reservation in the last purchase was also bought by Ensign Bryan 12 Dec., 1661, for the town.—*Baldwin Genealogy.*

Richard Baldwin married Elizabeth Alsop in Milford in 1643, daughter of John Alsop and Temperance Gilbert, daughter of William Gilbert of Mickleover, County Derby, England, living in 1643.

1. Richard Baldwin, m. Elizabeth Alsop.
2. Martha Baldwin, m. Samuel Nettleton.
3. Elizabeth Nettleton, m. John Merwin.
4. John Merwin, m. Elizabeth Buckingham.
5. Content Merwin, m. Abraham Marks.
6. Levi M. Marks, m. Esther T. Tuttle.
7. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

PEDIGREE OF THE FAMILY OF ALLSOP, OF ALLSOP IN THE DALE.

GAMELLUS DE ALSOPP =

*

GIVENO DE ALSOPP, son of Gamellus =
HENRY DE ALSOPP, son of Giveno = Margery.
RICHARD DE ALSOPP, son of Henry =
WILLIAM DE ALSOPP, son of Richard =
RANULPH DE ALSOPP, anno 5, Edward II. = Beatrice.
RANULPH DE ALSOPP, anno 14, Edward II. = Agnes.
RICHARD DE ALSOPP, anno 16, Edward III. =
THOMAS DE ALLSOP, anno 11 Richard II. =
JOHN DE ALSOPP, anno 14, Henry IV. =
JOHN DE ALSOPP, anno 20, Henry VI. =
JOHN DE ALSOPP, lived in the reign of Edward IV.
JOHN DE ALSOPP, 2 son, married Elizabeth, dau. of — Knivetor of Mercaster, Co. Derby. [Thomas[1]]
THOMAS, son of John, married Anne, dau. of William Bassett of Blore.
ANN, dau. of Thomas and Anna Alsopp, m. John Alsopp.

THOMAS, eldest son of John, who lived in the reign of Edward IV.

1. THOMAS ALSOPP of Allsop in the Dale = dau. of Hugh Erdeswick of Samdon, Co. Stafford.
2. JOHN ALSOPP of Allsopp in the Dale = Jane, dau. John Beresford (7th son of Thomas & Agnes of Fanny Bently of Fawton Grange) 1st wife.
3. GEORGE ALSOPP of Alsopp in the Dale = Jane, dau. of William Edgarton of Wall Grange.
4. JOHN ALSOPP of Alsopp in the Dale = Ann, dau. of Thomas Alsopp and Anne.
5. ANTHONY ALSOPP of Alsopp in the Dale = Jane, dau. Richard Smith of Comebrgs, Co. Stafford: living in 1611.
6. JOHN ALSOPP of Alsopp in the Dale = Temperance, dau. of William Gilbert of Mickleover in Co. Derby; died in 1631.
7. ELIZABETH ALSOPP, married Richard Baldwin in New England in 1643.

Arms.

Sable, three plovers rising, argent, beaked and legged, gules.
Crest—A plover, or, beaked and legged, gules, in its bill a wheat ear of the first.

—*New England Historical Register.*

*William Earl Ferriers gave to this Giveno and to his heirs all the township of Alsopp, and to hold by homage and service £105 per annum de albe birne and suit of the Wapetaker of Mirlswarth.

Will of John Allsopp.

John Alsopp of Bonsall in the county of Derby, gentlemen, 16 January, 1643, proved 10th Feb., 1646. To be buried in the church at Allsopp in the Dale. To my dear mother Temperance Hopkins, fifty pounds which is now remaining in the hands of Anthony Alsopp, my oldest brother, as by bond may appear, if she be living, if in case she be dead, then the said fifty pounds to go to my two brothers and sister in New England, equally to be divided amongst them as the survivor of them or survivors of them. To my sister, Jane Jackson, now wife of Mr. Roger Jackson of Ashbourn in the said County of Derby, gentlemen, the like sum of fifty pounds and also five pounds to be paid by John Gertrar of Bonsall, aforesaid the first day of May ensuing the date hereof.—To my grandmother, Mrs. Jane Allsop, twenty shillings to buy her a ring withall, and likewise I give and bequeath to my loving aunt, Mrs. Dorothy Hopkins, son of Bonsall aforesaid, widow, all my "lead ore," which I now have now lying at Bonsall.

To my brother, Anthony Allsopp, of Allsopp, in the Dale aforesaid, the sum of ten shillings. For all the rest of my goods & debts now owing which same by my wife, Mary Allsopp, I give and bequeath unto my said loving wife after my funeral expenses, debts, & legacies being paid and discharged so long as she shall keep herself unmarried or else she do mary with the good liking and consent of my executors, Jane Allsopp, my grandmother. In case she do marry with the consent of the aforesaid then all the said goods which came by my said wife shall be and remain to said two brothers and sister now living in New England aforesaid. Mr. Roger Jackson Ashbourne aforesaid gentlemen and my said living aunt, Mrs. Dorothy Hopkinson, to be full executors. Wit. Edward Fowler, William Fletcher, John Allen (his mark), Richard Bullock.

One Hugh de Alsop went with King Richard I. to the Holy Land, and the King, for his good service in the conquest of Acre, bestowed upon him the order of knighthood, and for the further augmentation of his honor gave him as an escutcheon Argent, a fesse gules, between six falcons heads erased, sable, armed.

This Hugh went as captain of a company under the conduct of Sir Ralph Lyleburn, who was colonel of four companies, which Sir Ralph (in recompense of his services to him done) upon his return gave unto him his only niece (by his sister), the daughter of Roger de Farrington with the certain lands in the County of Derby. By a charter without date Ranulph de Alsop gave to Richard, his son, lands in Lilwell in the County of York.

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THE BUCKINGHAM HOUSE, IN MILFORD, CONN.

Built 1639, by Thomas Buckingham, the settler.

THOMAS BUCKINGHAM.

Thomas Buckingham, the Puritan settler and ancestor of all the American Buckinghams, was one of the company to which Eaton and Hopkins, two London merchants, and the two ministers Davenport and Prudden belonged. They sailed from London in the two ships, the Hector and the ———, arriving at Boston, June 26, 1637. They sailed for New Haven 30 March following, arrived April, 1638. Thomas Buckingham received thirteen acres upland. His house lot was what was called "Mr. Gregson quarter," or the square included between Chapel and George, Church and College. Probably the house stood on or near the cor. of College and George.

He removed to Milford 1639. The church was organized at New Haven 1639, and Thomas Buckingham was one of the seven pillars of which it was composed. His house-lot, four acres, was a little above the Second Congregational Church to the right and on the corner where the old Bryan house now stands (1898) and is still in possession of descendants on the mother's side.

The records of the Colony state that in 1657 Robert Treat and Thomas Buckingham were the Deputies to the General Court.

The name of Buckingham as a family name is no doubt derived from the county of Buckingham in England, the shire town of which is also Buckingham. The dukes of the name derived their title from the county.

Eleven have graduated from Yale College.

The coat of arms has been in the family from the first settler down, but it is not known to whom, or for what achievement it was granted, furnished by Hon. William A. Buckingham, who is eighth in descent from Thomas, the first settler.

"Rev. Thomas Buckingham, the eldest son of the first settler at Milford, was appointed Chaplain of Conn. troops against Canada in 1709."—*Buckingham Genealogy.*

1. Thomas Buckingham.
2. Samuel Buckingham, m. Sarah Baldwin.
3. Samuel Buckingham, m. Sarah.
4. Samuel Buckingham, m. Silence Clark.
5. Elizabeth Buckingham, m. John Merwin.
6. Content Merwin, m. Abraham Marks.
7. Levi M. Marks, m. Esther T. Tuttle.
8. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

GEORGE CLARK.

George Clark, the planter, with his wife Mary and two children, emigrated to America in the year 1637, in company with John Davenport and his congregation from Kent and Surrey near London, together with several other parties of wealth and respectability, the whole forming a considerable colony of persons, who in the year 1637 left England to escape persecution on account of their religious belief to take up their abode in the New World. They landed at Boston, Mass., where they remained one year, but for several reasons Mr. Davenport and his companions decided to leave Boston, and settled at New Haven, Conn. In the year 1639 a part of Mr. Davenport's congregation removed to Milford, including George Clark, who continued to reside in Milford the remainder of his life. He was a free planter and a man of considerable property and influence, many times a Deputy from Milford to the General Court at New Haven. He died in 1690, 80 years of age, leaving a good estate. His wife died July 12, 1698. His son George died much esteemed and respected.—*Fairfield County Biography.*

2. Ensign George Clark, son of Deacon George, whose name is on the Memorial Bridge at Milford, married Deborah Gold, daughter of Major Nathan Gold.

3. Silence Clark, m. Samuel Buckingham.
4. Elizabeth Buckingham, m. John Merwin.
5. Content Merwin, m. Abraham Marks.
6. Levi M. Marks, m. Esther Tuttle.
7. A. A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

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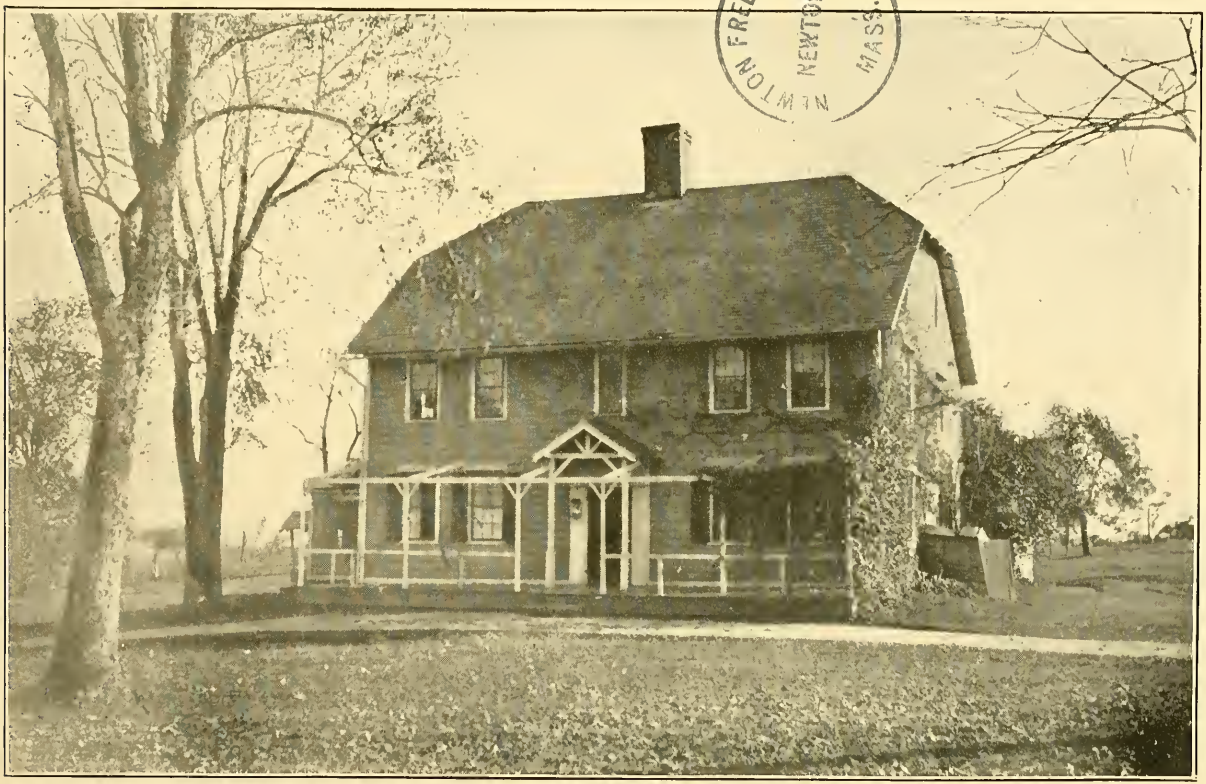

THE ENSIGN GEORGE CLARK HOUSE, IN MILFORD, CONN.

Built about 1649, by his father, Deacon George Clark, the planter.

JAMES CLARK.

1. James Clark was one of the signers of the Fundamental Articles of agreement when New Haven was settled in 1639; wife, one daughter and two sons, John and James. He married in 1662, Deborah Peacock, daughter of John.

2. Their daughter Deborah married Isaac Jones of Stratford.

3. Samuel Jones, m. Sarah Hickson.
4. Mary Jones, m. Samuel Bellamy.
5. Sibyl Bellamy, m. Lazarus Tolles.
6. Esther Tolles, m. Amasa Tuttle.
7. Esther T. Tuttle, m. Levi M. Marks.
8. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

JOHN COOPER.

John Cooper, agent of the Iron Works at Stoney River, came to New Haven between 1633 and 1645; name was spelled Cowper. Representative 1664-7; may have settled first at Lynn, Mass., interested in the iron works there. If so he embarked in the Hopewell of London, April 1st, 1635; born at Olney, Bucks County (birthplace of the poet Cowper) 1594. His home-lot in New Haven was on the southwest corner of Church and Grove, extending nearly to Wall. Several other fields came to him as a planter, in all about 34 acres.

In 1658 his name appeared frequently as an attorney in cases before the General Court after the union of the two colonies; he was several times Deputy to the Connecticut General Assembly; he held the office of selectman 27 terms. Perhaps the highest mark of esteem was given him in 1661. It was soon after the restoration of Charles II to the British throne. The regicides Goffe and Whalley had fled and were hiding in New Haven. Officers of the King had been sent to arrest them, but had failed because the people had protected them. Great indignation had been aroused. Edward Rawson, the Royal Secretary at Boston, had written to Governor Leete a sharp and threatening letter. Several men were chosen deputies to the General Court, but declined. At length John

Cooper and James Bishop were elected and dared to accept. Their acceptance showed their courage; it was a case of greatest delicacy, and requiring the greatest tact and diplomacy to present to the angry Secretary the reply of the General Court.—*Dickerman Genealogy.*

The Iron Works on Stoney River were the third considerable iron works and bloomery in America. The stone house of the Iron Master (John Cooper or Cowper), built in old English style, is still standing in a good state of preservation on the west bank of Stoney River near the Stone Bridge.

With the overflowing mill dam and red grist mill nearby, embedded in green foliage during the summer, and backed by the brown-faced evergreen Saltonstall mountain; while in the distance rises the graceful spire of East Haven stone church, flanked by Raynham hills, this spot is one of the most picturesque, and pretty bits of landscape in this section of the country.—*New Haven Historical Society Papers.*

1. John Cooper.
2. John Cooper, m. Mary Thompson.
3. Mary Cooper, m. Capt. Samuel Smith.
4. Thankful Smith, m. Daniel Tolles.
5. Lazarus Tolles, m. Sibyl Bellamy.
6. Esther Tolles, m. Amasa Tuttle.
7. Esther T. Tuttle, m. Levi M. Marks.
8. Amasa Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

ABRAHAM DOOLITTLE.

Abraham Doolittle took the oath in New Haven (1644) and was made the chief executive officer of the county (Sheriff). In 1669 he was chosen by the people to superintend the affairs of the new settlement at Wallingford, which was incorporated May 12, 1670, by act of the General Court at Hartford. In time of King Philip's war, he was a member of the vigilance committee and his dwelling was fortified for protection against the Indians. He was several times deported from New Haven, and afterwards from Wallingford; also, Selectman, and a very valuable and respected citizen. He married Abagail Moss. See Moss.—*History of Wallingford.*

GOVERNOR THEOPHILUS EATON.

Theophilus Eaton was born at Stony Stratford, Oxfordshire, England, about 1592.

His father was minister of that place, and afterwards at Coventry. He was bred a merchant, and was for several years agent for the King of England at the court of Denmark, and after his return, prosecuted his business with high reputation.

He accompanied Mr. Davenport to New England and was one of the principal founders of New Haven. Mr. Eaton and Mr. Davenport may be considered as the "Moses and Aaron of the colony. For 19 successive years, till death on January 7th, 1658, he was annually elected Governor. Governor Eaton was twice married, his second wife being the widow of David Yale and daughter of the Bishop of Chester. After his death his widow returned to England with her little grandson Elihu Yale, whose benefactions in later life to the Collegiate School in his native town will transmit his name to coming generations. Governor Eaton was buried just behind the Center Church; a round stone tabular monument was erected to his memory in token of public gratitude, having the following inscription:

> Theophilus Eaton, Esq., Gov'r,
> Dec'd Jan. 7th, 1657, Aetat 67.
>
> Eaton so famed, so wise, so meek, so just.
> The Phoenix of our World here lies his dust.
> This name forget N. England never must."
>
> —*History of New Haven.*

Barber's History of Antiquities of New Haven says:

"The New Haven adventurers were the most opulent company which came into New England. They appear to have studiously avoided any mention of their native country or any allusion to the question of allegiance to the King of England.

"Among the principal settlers were Theophilus Eaton, David Yale, William Peck, George Lamberton, &c. Most of these were reputed wealthy, and had been honored in the old country in social positions to an unusual degree and were all in all in character greater than those who had previously come to the New World. Many of them put up large houses and tradition

reports, the house of Theophilus Eaton was so large as to have 19 fireplaces, and that it was lofty as well as large, (Davenport's 13 fireplaces).

"His was one of the houses which astonished visitors by their size and comforts: his 'Turkish carpets' and tapestry carpets and rugs, his servants, and generally opulent style of living are matters of record."

The following sketch of Governor Theophilus Eaton is from Captain Townshend's Pictorial History of Raynham and Vicinity:

"This family took its name from the hundredth of Eaton in the County Cheshire and we may here note the fact that the chief representation of the name now is in Eaton Hall, the princely seat of the Duke of Westminster. The Rev. Richard Eaton, vicar of Great Budsworth from 1561 to 1591, was no doubt a scion of a family of this branch which from time immemorial were seated at Eaton in the same county. He was succeeded a few years after this date, August 3d, 1614, by another Richard Eaton, Dr. B., and he January 20, 1616, by John Ley. The last Richard Eaton was a Presbyter of Litchfield in 1607, and according to his will, dated January 11, 1616 and sealed the 12th July of the same year, was proved in the same Prerogative Court of Canterbury (8 Weldon) June 14, 1616, by the eldest son Theophilus Eaton, executor. In this will the Rev. Richard Eaton mentions two tenements which he bought of John Eaton of Sandiway (who was perhaps a kinsman) in the hamlet of Seaven Oaks called Pow House and Poos House and other tenements occupied by Thomas Whitley and Brotherick House in Over Wheatley, also a piece of land in Barrow Lane in Sandyway in the Parish of Great Budsworth, which he gave to his wife Elizabeth for life.—To his eldest son, whom he makes executor, he gives the aforesaid Pow House and Poos House after his wife's death, and his three daughters, Elizabeth, Hannah, and Frances, are to have their portion at marriage.

"This Theophilus Eaton, the famous Governor of New Haven Colony, was an important merchant of London and interested in the East Lands Company of which he had been Deputy Governor, and we are told he was an Ambassador from England to the Court of Denmark. He was one of the patentees of the

Massachusetts Bay Company, and assisted as a Magistrate at several of their meetings in London before the records were sent over to New England.

"The second wife of Theophilus Eaton, we are informed by J. P. Earwaker, in his History of East Cheshire, in a note, page 33, was Ann, a daughter of George Lloyd, D.D. (sixth son of Meredith Lloyd) Bishop of Sodor and Man, 1600-4, and consecrated Bishop of Chester, January 4, 1605. The Bishop died August 1, 1615, aged 55 years, and it is interesting to note just here that his place, which is a remarkable example of the West of England architecture of the 17th century with the arms of Lloyd and other insignia of his Sees of Man and Chester, portrayed over the principal entrance, is still in existence in Water Gate Street, Chester, and is soon to be restored by Ex-Mayor Brown of that city, who has lately bought this edifice.

"In the Cathedral at Chester is an alabaster stone which once bore a plate that some vandal has carried off. On it was a Latin inscription of the burial of this Bishop Lloyd: the English translation I have published in the *New England Register,* 1898. The Bishop married Ann, daughter of John Wilkinson of Norwich, Norfolk, and his daughter before mentioned, Ann, married for her first husband Thomas Yale, gentleman, eldest son of David Yale, LL.D., Vicar-General to the Rt. Rev. George Lloyd, Bishop of Chester."

In an address by Frederick H. Cogswell before the Men's Club, at United Church, 1899, on the Early Environments of New Haven's Founder, John Davenport, he says: He was born in the city of Coventry, where his father was at one time Mayor. In 1639 he and his old schoolfellow and parishioner, Theophilus Eaton, headed a company of emigrants that was preparing to sail for New England.

Many of these were men of wealth and high character, Eaton having made a fortune as a London merchant and having at one time been the King's Ambassador to the Court of Denmark. We are fond of saying that these of our forefathers came to this bleak and barren coast to escape religious persecution. But it is a fact that in this company of two hundred and fifty persons, there was but one whose religious affiliations had ever caused him the slightest inconvenience, except John Davenport. They had not been persecuted. They were not all Puritans, some

were Episcopalians, others were non-conforming Episcopalians, still others were Presbyterians, and some were Congregationalists.

The party arrived at Boston on the 26th of June, 1637. The landing was no sooner effected than it became a serious question as to what place should be adopted as a residence.

After much discussion Eaton and a handful of companions sailed on the 31st of August, and in time cast anchor in the harbor of the Quinnipiac. The sight that met their gaze seemed to them the most beautiful and restful that mortal eyes had ever looked upon. They saw the smoke of numerous camp fires, rising above the tall trees, and were soon enjoying the hospitality of friendly Indians. Eaton was delighted, and leaving seven men to spend the winter, returned to Boston. The records do not say how this little colony were provisioned, but it should not be too hastily inferred from the fact that Thomas Hogg and Robert Pigg were of the number that they were entirely dependent upon roots.

The following spring the main company arrived and sailed up the little creek that ran past the present College Street to Chapel. In due time the seven pillars organized themselves into a civil court for the transaction of public business. The choice of Chief Magistrate was the wisest act that this self-constituted body ever performed.

Theophilus Eaton, who served as chief civil and judicial officer of the Colony the remainder of his life, was a man of large ability and great modesty, a scholar and a Christian gentleman, sympathetic and generous, dispensing justice with a dignity and impressiveness that won the respect of those with whom he had to deal; he was one of the few ideal magistrates in all history. But no monument reminds the passerby that here once dwelt a man whose life and temper were a fit ideal for every man and boy who should ever walk the streets of the town. No schoolboy ever hears of him until he reads in his history that Theophilus Eaton was the first Governor of New Haven Colony. Yet it could be quite as fitly said of him as Antony said of Brutus:

> "This was the noblest Roman of them all. . . .
> His life was gentle, and the elements
> So mixed in him that nature might stand up
> And say to all the world, 'This was a man!'"

1. Theophilus Eaton, m. Ann Lloyd.
2. Hannah Eaton, m. William Jones.
3. Isaac Jones, m. Deborah Clark.
4. Samuel Jones, m. Sarah Hickson.
5. Mary Jones, m. Samuel Bellamy.
6. Sibyl Bellamy, m. Lazerus Tolles.
7. Esther Tolles, m. Amasa Tuttle.
8. Esther T. Tuttle, m. Levi M. Marks.
9. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

WILLIAM FRENCH.

William French came in the Defence from London, in 1635, with wife Elizabeth, from Essex, England. He was one of the original settlers of the beautiful town of Bilerica, 18 miles north of Boston. He held many offices of trust. He died aged 78. He was the author of the famous tract, Strength out of weakness; published in London, and reprinted by the Boston Historical Society. His son Francis came to Milford, 1650, married Lydia Bunnel April 10, 1661; daughter Lydia married Joseph Hawkins, 1688; granddaughter Elizabeth Hawkins married Mordecai Marks.—*History of Derby.*

TIMOTHY FORD.

Timothy Ford of Charlestown, Mass., 1637, removed to New Haven 1639; lived on cor. Meadow and Water Street, 1645. He died 1689; his wife died 1681.

The Ford family was prominent in Devonshire, England, before and at the period of the settlement of New England. They were connected with the Drakes of Ashe, who engaged actively in the emigration of the new colonies.

Sir Henry Ford, born about 1620, was only son of John Ford of Bagtor, by wife Catherine, daughter and heir of George Drake of Sprattsburg, Esq., Lieutenant Colonel under his kinsman Sir John Drake of Ashe. Sir Henry Ford was twice principal Secretary of State to Charles II in Ireland. The Drakes of Ashe were a very distinguished family of whom John

Esq., was one of the council of Plymouth, a member of the original company established by King James 1606 for settling New England. Several of his sons came to New England and settled; 2 Joan Drake married Walter, son of William and Jane Grenville, daughter of Sir Thomas Raleigh. He married Katherine, daughter of Sir Philip Champernous, by third marriage had Sir Walter Raleigh, born 1552. 3. Francis Drake, afterwards the great Admiral, married Ursula, daughter of Sir William Stafford. 1. Francis Drake of Shardelos died 1613. He married Joan, daughter of William Tuthil of Shardelos. At her house Thomas Hooker sojourned, afterwards founder of the Connecticut Colony.

2. George Drake of Sprattsburg, Esq., daughter Katherine, John Ford of Bagtor, Devon, England, son Sir Henry Ford, Secretary of State for Charles II, sold Bagtor to Mr. Tuthill, whose descendants sold it to Lord Ashburton.—*Tuttle Genealogy.*

1. Timothy Ford.
2. Bethia Ford, m. Matthew Bellamy.
3. Matthew Bellamy, m. Sarah Wood.
4. Samuel Bellamy, m. Mary Jones.
5. Sibyl Bellamy, m. Lazarus Tolles.
6. Esther T. Tuttle, m. Levi M. Marks.
7. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

MAJOR NATHAN GOLD.

Major Nathan Gold came from St. Edmundsbury in South Britain. Purchased land in Milford 1647. He was one of the petitioners (19 in number) named in the Charter of Connecticut, dated April 12, in the 14th year of the reign of Charles II, which was signed by no gentleman, unless he sustained a high reputation in England before he came to New England.

He died 17 greatly beloved and revered by the town, honored throughout Connecticut.—*See Town Records.*

Since coming to Fairfield, nearly forty years, Major Gold had been a leader in political, military and ecclesiastical affairs of the town, a father of the town. His name for many years stood at the head of Assistant Judges of the General Court.

His native intelligence, courtly bearing, natural suavity, and winning manners, made him a fit person to be sent as an embassador to the Council of Courts in the neighboring colonies. No man in the country was more honored; none in New England held higher in esteem of the Lord of the Council Chambers at Whitehall. As a statesman he had no superior. He accumulated a handsome fortune, and was called the richest man in town.

The day on which he died was made one of deep lamentation in the church in which he had worshipped for 44 years.

There is a gun in the possession of Hon. T. S. Gold (Vice-President of Connecticut Forestry Association and State Secretary of Agriculture), which is said to have been brought by his ancestor, Major Nathan Gold, from England.

His son, Lieutenant-Governor, was very prominent in public affairs; his daughter Abagail, married 1687, Rev. Thomas Hawley, whose son, Rev. Hezekiah Hawley, married Mary, daughter of Rev. Mr. Ruggles of Guilford, Conn.—*Fairfield Genealogy.*

Jay Gould or (Gold) was born in Roxbury 1836, being a lineal descendant of Major Nathan Gold, who settled at Fairfield, Conn. in 1646.—*History of Makers of New York.*

1. Major Nathan Gold, m. Martha, widow of Edmund Harvey.
2. Deborah Gold, m. Geo. Clark.
3. Silence Clark, m. Samuel Buckingham.
4. Esther Buckingham, m. John Merwin.
5. Content Merwin, m. Abraham Marks.
6. Levi M. Marks, m. Esther T. Tuttle.
7. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

DR. JASPER GUNN.

Dr. Jasper Gunn came in the Defence, 1635, aged 29; died 1670. Settled in Hartford, Conn., removed to Milford later, the *Connecticut Magazine* says, in an article, Early Milford, "in a little lean-to house with rent oak shingles, its small square windows divided in so many diamonds by leaded glass. Here the light burned latest in the village. Here lived one of the most honored men in the little settlement, Jasper Gunn, sealer of weights and measures 'equal to the standard used at New

Haven, which was brought from the Bay'—feared by every dishonest merchant and teacher; Jasper Gunn, teacher, more or less dreaded by boys and girls in those days of harsh discipline, Jasper Gunn, physician, known as far as Hartford, and revered among the villagers. Among the memorial blocks upon the bridge is one bearing his name and that of his faithful consort, Sarah." Granddaughter Elizabeth, married Joseph Hawkins.

ROBERT HAWKINS.

Robert Hawkins came from England in the Elizabeth and Ann in 1635. Settled on Birmingham Point. Bought of Alexander Bryan the Point 40 acres. Afterwards received a grant of land from the town adjoining the north boundary which crossed the Neck from where the Housatonic dam is, Eastward a little north of what is now known as the old Hawkins house, and down the little bank to the Naugatuck river. He probably rented at first a house built by Mr. Thomas Wheeler of Stratford, and afterward built a house where the old Hawkins house now stands on Hawkins Street, where he died in 1682.—*History of Derby.*

JOSEPH HAWLEY.

Joseph Hawley, the progenitor of the family in this country, was one of the pioneers of the town of Stratford, and for many years was a leading man in the new colony. He represented the town several times in the State General Assembly.

In his will he gives to his son Samuel all his buildings and lands in Pawridge, Derbyshire, in Old England, indicating this the early English locality of the family.—*History of Fairfield.*

Governor Joseph Hawley, statesman, born in Stewartsville, N. C., October 1826, is of English-Scotch ancestry. His father, Rev. Francis Hawley (descended from Samuel, who settled in Stratford, Conn.), was born in Farmington, Conn.—*Appleton's Cyclopedia of American Biography.*

General Joseph Hawley received the degree of LL.D. from "Yale" 1886.—*See Wheeler.*

WILLIAM IVES.

William Ives came in the Truelove to Boston in 1635 (in New Haven 1639). His widow, Hannah, married William Bassett, 1648. She is thought by some genealogists to have been a sister of Abraham Dickerman 1st.

Joseph married Mary Yale; born 1650, October 26.

Samuel married Ruth Atwater; born December 31, 1688.

Jonathan married Thankful Cooper. He was the first Ives settler of Hamden. The ancient arm-chair exhibited at the Centennial originally belonged to him. There is a tradition that there was a silver tankard, supposed to have been one of the wedding presents of his great grandmother, Ruth (Atwater) Ives, wife of Deacon and Ensign Samuel, descended to their son Captain Jonathan, thence to his son Jonathan, who married Sarah Bassett. Seeing the name of Leverett on the tankard she named her son Leverett, who received the tankard, and at his death his sister Sarah had the tankard melted and made into silver spoons which are now in possession of her descendants. She also inherited her father's farm, which was a portion of the land purchased by her grandfather, Captain Jonathan Ives. Her husband, Allen Dickerman, erected a house opposite the place where the old homestead of Captain Jonathan Ives the first settler of Hamden stood.—*Street Genealogy.*

Samuel Ives, brother of Jonathan. His son, "Dr. Levi Ives was a physician of rare qualifications and wide practice. He served as surgeon in the Continental Army, was with Gen. Montgomery at Quebec and died in New Haven in 1826, full of years and honors.

For four consecutive generations the son has succeeded the father in the successful practice of medicine."—*History of New Haven.*

Elam Ives volunteered his services in the war of independence, at the age of sixteen or seventeen, to defend the coast at New Haven. During the war of 1812, when commerce by water was blockaded, he established a freight line between Boston and New York, conducted by his two eldest sons, Parsons and Jason, about twenty and fifteen years old respectively. The freight line consisted of two wagons drawn by two yokes

of oxen and a horse each. Diminutive as this line may now appear, it then possessed the dignity, etc., and the thousands of dollars worth of silks and other goods intrusted to those boys, and which they often carried overland through Worcester, Providence and New Haven, evinced characters not depreciated from their grandparents, who helped settle our country.

Mr. Elam Ives, born 1802, was the pioneer in the manufacture of carriages, small hardware at Mt. Carmel 1830. It was the first locality of carriage and harness hardware manufacturing by machinery and power in the United States. This, without question, was the first development in America of making iron carriage axles by machinery.—*History of Hamden.*

1. William Ives, m. Hannah.
2. Joseph Ives, m. Mary Yale.
3. Samuel Ives, m. Ruth Attwater
4. Jonathan Ives, m. Thankful Cooper.
5. Thankful Ives, m. Uri Tuttle.
6. Amasa Tuttle, m. Esther Tolles.
7. Esther T. Tuttle, m. Levi Marks.
8. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

HON. WILLIAM JONES.

Hon. William Jones, Lieutenant Governor of New Haven Colony from 1692 to 1697, was born A. D. 1624, was married to Hannah, daughter of Governor Eaton, July 4th, 1659, by Rev. Joseph Rowe, Rector in St. Andrew's Church, Westminster Abbey, died in New Haven, October 17th, 1706, aged 82, was buried beside his father-in-law, Governor Eaton.

Inscription on Head Stone.

Wm. Jones, Esq., Dept. Gov'r,
Dec'd Oct. 17, 1706, Aetat 82.
Hannah Jones,
daughter of Gov. Eaton,
Dec'd May 4th, 1707, Aetat, 74.

T' attend you, Sir, under these framed stones
Are come your honored Son and daughter Jones.
On each hand to repose their weary bones.

—*Barber's History of New Haven.*

Col. John Jones, a dramatic writer in the reign of Charles I, was born A. D. 1579, was married to Henrietta Morgan Cromwell (sister to Oliver) Cromwell, Protector, England, 1623; was beheaded October 16, A. D. 1660, aged 81.

Sir William Jones, Judge of the King's Bench in the reigns of James I and Charles I, was born A. D. 1526; died A. D. 1617, aged 91.

William Jones was born in Tregan of the Isle of Anglesey, North Wales, A. D. 1475; died A. D. 1580, aged 105.—English History.

William Jones, belonging to an ancient family of North Wales, whose lineage is traced by the Welsh Heralds from the princes and possessors of that country, was the eldest son of William Jones, Esq., of Cartigan, in Carnarvonshire, where the family had long been seated, and of Margaret, daughter of Humphrey Wynn of Meredith, of Hyssol Park, England. He married first, Margaret Griffith, eldest daughter of John Griffith, of Belmach.—Foss, *Judges of England.*

New Haven Historical Society Papers state that Lieutenant Governor William Jones was son of David and Jane Jones, bap. in London, March 20, 1624. As there is a Jones genealogy in process of compilation, the error may be corrected.

Sir Robert Cromwell, father of Henrietta Morgan Cromwell, Huntingtonshire, England, was married to Elizabeth Stuart about 1591.—*Yale Genealogy.*

"Edward Whalley, descended from a family of great antiquity, and was a relative of Oliver Cromwell.

The two Judges, Goffe and Whalley, arrived at Boston from England, the 27th of July, 1660. It is said they sailed from England with Governor Jones of New Haven, which circumstance probably had some influence in bringing them to New Haven.

General Whalley is supposed to have died in Hadley, Mass., and buried there.

The tradition is, that his remains were taken up and interred near those of his companions in arms, Colonel Dixwell, General Goffe, and their common friend, Governor Jones, in the rear of the Center Church, New Haven."—*Barber's Antiquities of New Haven. See Eaton.*

ROBERT KITCHELL.

Robert Kitchell, born in England, 1604; married Margaret Sheafe, daughter of Rev. Edmund Sheafe, D.D.; baptized at Cranbrook, Kent, England, March 17th, 1559; married Elizabeth Taylor, May 30, 1586. 2. Joan Jordan.

Robert Kitchell, Jacob Sheafe, William Chittenden, with their minister, Rev. Henry Whitfield, were brothers-in-law. They settled in Guilford that they might be out of the jurisdiction of the Connecticut colony. Robert Kitchell was a leader in the community. His name stands first among the signatures of the "Plantation Covenant." There is evidence that he was a man of considerable estate.

The Guilford settlers were generally men of character, culture and substance. Several of them were men of university training, and he held a large place among them. In 1666 he, with his son Samuel, and others of like spirit from Guilford, Brandford and Milford and New Haven, removed to New Jersey, where they were among the leading settlers of Newark.

During the 27 years of his residence in Guilford, from 1639 to 1686, Robert Kitchell held a prominent place. He was Deputy from Guilford to the General Court at New Haven in 1650, 1656, 1661, 1662, 1663, and Treasurer for many years.

By all the tokens Robert stands out a staunch "Puritan, a Pilgrim Father." He left Old England for the New in quest of freedom and purity, and when it became certain that the New Haven plantations were to lose their separateness and blend with the lax Colony of Connecticut, he moved away and began his enterprise in New Jersey.

More than other Henry Whitfield inspired and greeted the Guilford Colony. He was a university man; educated for a lawyer, but took orders in the Church of England. His stone house built in 1639 is till standing, his son-in-law, John Higginson succeeded him as pastor.—*Kitchell Genealogy.*

1. Robert Kitchell, m. Margaret Sheafe.
2. Joanna Kitchell, m. Rev. Jeremiah Peck.
3. Ruth Peck, m. Jonathan Atwater.
4. Ruth Atwater, m. Samuel Ives.
5. Jonathan Ives, m. Thankful Cooper.
6. Thankful Ives, m. Uri Tuttle.
7. Amasa Tuttle, m. Esther Tolles.
8. Esther T. Tuttle, m. Levi M. Marks.
9. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

CAPTAIN GEORGE LAMBERTON.

Captain George Lamberton, commander of the unfortunate ship (Great Ship), was one of the most valuable of the settlers, and owing to his wealth and influence he occupied a prominent position in the commercial portion of the community. New Haven having been exceedingly disappointed in trade, and the large estates which they brought into New England rapidly declining, made great exertions to retrieve their former losses. Combining their money and labor they built a ship at Rhode Island of 150 tons, and freighted her for England with the best part of their commercial estates. Mr. Gregson, Captain Turner, Captain Lamberton and five or six of their principal men embarked on board. They sailed from New Haven in January 1647. The ship was never heard of after she sailed. The loss of this ship with the former losses they had sustained, broke up all their expectations with respect to trade; and as they conceived themselves disadvantageously situated for husbandry, they designed leaving the country. They were, however, disappointed in their plans, and their posterity made respectable farmers and flourished no less than their neighbors. —*Barber's History of New Haven.*

1. Capt. George Lamberton. —Margaret.
2. Obedience Lamberton, m. Lieut. Samuel Smith.
3. Capt. Samuel Smith, m. Mary Cooper.
4. Thankful Smith, m. Daniel Tolles.
5. Lazarus Tolles, m. Sibyl Bellamy.
6. Esther Tolles, m. Amasa Tuttle.
7. Esther T. Tuttle, m. Levi M. Marks.
8. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

MORDECAI MARKS.

1. Mordecai Marks was born in London, England, in 1706; came to New England, 1726; married Elizabeth Hawkins, 1729, in Derby, where (he had removed from Stratford) he was a merchant and did a large business. His will, dated 1797, November, named his negro Titus. He gave him his choice to live with his widow or his two sons, and stipulated that he should have a Christian burial when he should die.

He left his store and trade to be continued by his two sons, no distribution to be made within five years.

Witnesses to his will, Noah French, Sarah Baldwin, Charles French.—*History of Stratford.*

The History of Derby contains the following: Five parcels of land were deeded by Samuel Hall, William Clark, and Mordecai Marks, April 13, 1747, in consideration of the sum of four hundred dollars and fifteen pounds, current money, paid by John Holbrook, John Smith, T. Wooster, Abel Gunn, and sundry others who are professors of the Church of England—do hereby give and grant the following pieces of land hereafter expressed, intending the first glebe lands to endow a certain parish church in the township of said Derby, now erected and carrying on, called Christs Church by us, the said Hull, Clark, Mordecai Marks and the rest of our neighbors consent therein: for the better accomplishing the endeavors aforesaid in great reverence, and regard to the Church of England as established by law for the honor of God, the surest peace and compact of ourselves, neighbors and posterity, have founded the parish church aforesaid, for the use aforesaid, and for the endowment thereof do by these presents freely give, grant, convey, and confirm unto the society, and their successors forever.

Samuel Hull, William Clark, Mordecai Marks.

Inscription on the Tombstone in Derby.

In memory of Mordecai Marks, who was born in the city of London, where he spent about 20 of the first years of his life. He lived 25 years in the town of Derby a useful member of society, an affectionate husband, a tender parent, and constant communicant of the church, and on the 8th day of January, 1771, he departed this mortal life in hopes of life immortal.

2. Zachariah Marks was born in Derby. He married Mary Bryan of Milford, where he removed and located in the section near the "Marble Quarry." His land was divided by the Indian river. His house, which was large—two stories, with a double front door in the center (tradition says it was once an Inn)—was on the old road which was the Indian trail where "Capt. Tibbals" led the first settlers from New Haven to Mil-

ford in 1639. The road at this point was crescent-shaped, and when in 1802 a new road was projected to shorten the distance to New Haven, it left Zachariah Marks and his neighbors in dismay, and they opposed the project, he most strenuously as it cut through the most valuable portion of his farm, and two broad highways in such close proximity through his land seemed too great a sacrifice. He had to submit, however, and while assisting in laying out the new road, in apparent usual health, he walked to a spring near by, and after drinking some water, sat down, leaned backward and died instantly. It was recorded that he died of "heart trouble." He left a good estate.

His daughter Comfort married Josiah Pardee. His daughter Content married James Downs. A son, Edward, probably died young.

3. Abraham inherited the homestead, where he resided until his death. He was noted for his integrity and as a staunch supporter of the Protestant Episcopal Church, where he worshipped (as he often stated) every Sunday within his memory. If there were no services in the Milford "Church" he would drive to New Haven, seven miles. Another noticeable trait was his partiality for white-faced cattle, and he would have no other in his possession. He owned a tract of land of about two hundred acres in the town of Bethany (originally two farms, a house and barn on each with meadows and orchards), where he pastured his young stock summers. He would send two or more of his sons with teams to drive up the herd and remain to look after them, and cultivate the land, and gather the products in the fall. He was a very industrious man, a mechanic as well as farmer; there was a mill on the river in the rear of his house, which he utilized as a work shop in stormy weather. It was there his grandson, A. A. Marks, manifested a preference for mechanical work to farming. He had a lathe and turned many articles of wood, chiefly carriage hubs. He eventually removed to Broadway, New York, and with his brother, David B., established the business of manufacturing artificial limbs. David B. invented an ankle joint which seemed a success for a while, but later Amasa A. invented a rubber foot which simplified the construction. The business was then in its infancy, and David B. withdrew from the firm and continued to follow his profession as dentist, which was more remunerative at that time.

Amasa A. has continued in the "Artificial Limb" business until the present time.

His sons, George and William, are associated with him, and have managed the business in the City for several years, their father residing in partial retirement at "Willowmere," his home in Sound Beach, Conn.

Children of Abraham Marks and Content Merwin:

John married Anna Fenn of Milford (a descendant of Benjamin, one of the founders). He settled in Harwinton, Conn., and was a prosperous farmer.

Abraham married Mary Burwell (a descendant of John, also a founder). He died young, leaving one son, Abram.

Nehemiah went to Ohio when he was 21 years of age, and settled on the "Connecticut Reserve." His father gave him a thousand dollars and an outfit for an overland journey (there were no railroads in this section at that date). His only sister, Content, accompanied him on the long and wearisome journey. They met Cyrus and Clarissa Palmiter there from Stratford, Conn., and each brother married the other's sister. They remained and prospered and Nehemiah left many descendants.

Levi married Esther Tuttle of Bethany. He bought a farm in Waterbury, where he resided twenty years, when he sold it and removed to Bethany, where he built a house on the Tuttle farm, and lived until his death. His father gave him and his brother John the Bethany property, dividing it equally between them. His children were all born in Waterbury, the three eldest attended school at the "Academy," and all became teachers. Their father was "School Committee" in his district, and he gave his daughter Mary the position of teacher at the age of sixteen, which proved so successful that her services in that line were always in demand as long as her health permitted her to follow it.

It is due to her memory to state that the family and ancestral records which she commenced have been continued after the same method; also, that an extract from the obituary notice published at her decease should be included in this Family Book.

"Entered into rest, at the residence of her brother, A. A. Marks, Sound Beach, Fairfield County, Conn., Saturday, August 2, 1890, Mary Esther Marks, in the 74th year of her age. Her

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MARY ESTHER MARKS.

Born October 20, 1814. Died August 2, 1890.

interment took place on Monday, August 4, in the family plot of the Sound Beach Cemetery. The sudden departure of this beloved woman has brought sorrow to many hearts.

For nearly sixty years Miss Marks was an active worker and communicant of the Protestant Episcopal Church. She was confirmed by the Right Rev. Thomas C. Brownell, September 4, 1832. Forty years of that time was spent in the active parochial agencies of St. Thomas Church, New Haven, Conn. Her churchly influence and active Christian life extended far beyond parochial lines, co-extensive with that of *The Churchman* even in its earliest days when known as *The Practical Christian and Church Chronicle. The Rector's Assistant* and other periodicals, both religious and secular, where her contributions, generally appearing as the leading articles, were eagerly sought by the many readers. She is known better by her writings, her pure scholarly English, forcible and clear logic, than by her name. It needs but to call to mind the headings of contributions such as 'What is a Missionary?' 'Who are Christians?' 'The Converted Jewess,' 'The Nativity,' (a poem) 'The Pentecostal Baptism,' 'Death,' 'The Day of Judgment,' 'I Would Not Live Always,' 'Can These Bones Live?' 'The Only Son,' 'Where is the Father?' 'The Temporal Life,' 'Reminiscences' and numerous others which have found a reprint in many journals, to recognize her invariable signature 'M. E. M.'

Twenty years of her early life was spent as a school teacher in Waterbury, Bethany and New Haven, where her fidelity and devotion won permanently the love of all placed under her care."

Children of Levi M. Marks and Esther Tuttle:

1. Mary Esther, b. Oct. 20, 1814.
2. Minerva Content, b. May 18, 1817; m. Elias Newton Clark, Jan. 1, 1837.
3. David Beecher, b. Nov. 9, 1819; m. Seraphina Helen Hall, Nov. 9, 1846, in Hallsport, New York.
4. William Levi, b. Aug. 27, 1822; d. March 10, 1832.
5. Amasa Abraham, b. Apr. 3, 1825; m. in N. Y., Lucy Ann Platt, Aug. 22, 1850.
6. Eliza Jennette, b. July 13, 1828; m. George H. Clinton, Jan. 21, 1853, in New Haven. He died July 2, 1879; m. 2, Dec. 1, 1881, Jairus F. Lines, graduated at Yale Medical School in 1862, received commission from Gov. Buckingham as assist. surgeon in the War of the Rebellion and continued in the service until discharged at the close of the war.

MILES MERWIN.

Miles Merwin was born in England or Wales in 1623, emigrated to this country in 1645, and became owner of a large tract of land situated on Long Island Sound, now known as Merwin's Point or "Woodmont by the Sea." It was mostly situated in the town of Milford, New Haven Co., Conn., but extended easterly across Oyster River, into what is now the town of Orange.

He was a tanner and currier, and also engaged in commerce, being part owner of two brigs and a sloop, the latter employed in coasting, while the former made voyages to the West Indies. His son John settled on the homestead, owned ships; one ship, Swan, was commanded by his son-in-law, John Collin, and sailed from Milford Haven, for the West Indies sixteen years, and was finally lost at sea.

One of the interesting characteristics of the Merwin family is their attachment to their old ancestral home, it having remained in the family two hundred and twenty-seven years, (1872) and to the present date, 1901.

Their longevity is no doubt the result of wise and temperate habits, many of them living to seventy and ninety years, their numbers extending over a vast extent of country. Through centuries of the past all have been characterized for intelligence, integrity, industry, and high social dispositions; most of them are members, and some are clergymen of the different religious denominations.—*History of Milford.*

History of New Haven County says: Miles Merwin died in 1697, and his grave, in the old burial plot of Milford, was the only one of the first Wepawaug planters marked by a head stone; among his descendants in New Haven is Lieutenant Governor Samuel E. Merwin, one of the leading attorneys of that city.

John Merwin was in the War of the Revolution in 1777; Capt. Bryan's company, Col. Joseph Thompson's regiment.—*Conn. Men in the Revolution*, page 523.

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THE RESIDENCE OF JOHN MERWIN, AT WOODMONT, CONN.

Opposite the old homestead of Miles Merwin, the settler of 1639.

1. Miles Merwin.
2. John, m. Mary Holbrook.
3. John, m. Hannah Platt,
4. John, m. Elizabeth Nettleton.
5. John, m. Elizabeth Buckingham.
6. Content Merwin, m. Abraham Marks.
7. Levi Marks, m. Esther T. Tuttle.
8. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

MICHAEL MIDDLEBROOK.

Michael Middlebrook came from Wales or England, 1644. The ancient stock of the Middlebrook family were noted for their piety, integrity and wealth.—*History of Fairfield.*

JOHN MOSS.

John Moss, the ancestor of all who bear the name in these parts, was in New Haven as early as 1645, and perhaps before that date. He was a prominent man there, frequently representing the people in the General Court.

As early as 1667, we find him in what is now Wallingford, perambulating the country in that region for the purpose of settling a village there. In 1670, at the age of 67, we find him exerting himself before the General Court at Hartford to procure an act of incorporation, changing the name of the village to that of Wallingford, which was carried into effect the 12th of May, 1670. At this time he was a member of the General Court at New Haven. Afterwards he was frequently a representative from Wallingford.

He was very active and a leader among the settlers, who were constantly filling up the place. He was at first located on a lot at the south end of the village (where the Beach house now stands); it has remained in the possession of his heirs and descendants until the death of the late Ebenezer Morse.—*History of Wallingford.*

The most elaborate of the old headstones in Wallingford marks the grave of Mr. John Moss, who died in 1707 at the

unusual age of 103 years. The inscription is cut in a heart-shaped figure, and the top of the stone, which is well preserved, is nicely carved. He was a man of distinction in the colony, and the honors he held in life seem to have followed him in death, as indicated by this stone.

He was one of the three persons in the settlement entitled to be called "Mr." At the age of 89 he was one of the selectmen of the town, and there is a tradition among his descendants that he made his will when he was a hundred years old, which shows that besides being educated, refined, and dignified, that he was a remarkably vigorous man.—*History of New Haven County.*

In the chancel of Bansted Church, Surrey, is a white marble slab on which is cut the following inscription:

> Here under lieth the corpse of Paule Tracy who
> Dyed the 1st day of June 1618 sonne of Paule
> Tracy esquire, and Margaret his wife, sonne of
> Sir Paule Tracy of Stanway, in the county of
> Gloucester, Baronet, and Margaret, the daughter
> of Philip Moss, esquire of Cannon in the
> County of Surrey, 1619.

Lieut. Thomas Tracy, son of Sir Paul, born 1610, emigrated to America in 1636 and settled in Norwich, Conn.; died Nov. 7, 1685.

Sir Paul Tracy was created a baronet June 29, 1611, by King James I.

He married Anne, daughter and heiress of Ralph Sharkeley of Ayno on the Hill, County of Northampton. She died 1615.—*Ripley's Tracy Genealogy.*

1. John Moss, m. Mary Jupe.
2. Abagail Moss, m. Abraham Doolittle.
3. Abagail Doolittle, m. William Fredericks.
4. Abagail Fredericks, m. Josiah Todd.
5. Mary Todd, m. Nathaniel Tuttle.
6. Uri Tuttle, m. Thankful Ives.
7. Amasa Tuttle, m. Esther Tolles.
8. Esther T. Tuttle, m. Levi M. Marks.
9. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

SAMUEL NETTLETON.

1. Samuel Nettleton was one of the men that bought Totoket (Branford) for a settlement. Most of the settlers were from Wethersfield. See Branford for record of inventory. He died in Fairfield, Conn. 1665–6; wife Maria.

2. Samuel, m. Martha Baldwin.
3. Elizabeth, m. John Merwin.
4. John Merwin, m. Elizabeth Buckingham.
5. Content Merwin, m. Abraham Marks.
6. Levi M. Marks, m. Esther T. Tuttle.
7. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

WILLIAM PANTRY.

William Pantry came to New England in 1635, wife Margaret, wealthy and advanced in years. Settled in Hartford, Conn., was selectman in 1640, again in 1645, constable in 1648. His daughter Mary married Richard Bryan, son of Alexander of Milford.

The name of William Pantry is on the Founders Monument in Center Church burial ground at Hartford, Conn.

DEACON WILLIAM PECK.

Deacon William Peck, a merchant of England, who was born about the year 1600, died October 4, 1694. He is said to have been one of the company of Eaton, Davenport and others, who emigrating from London, England, or its vicinity, arrived at Boston 26th July, 1637, and became one of the first settlers and planters at New Haven in the spring of 1638. He was chosen Deacon of the Church there in 1659, and was long known as Deacon William Peck of New Haven.

The great portion of the Peck family in this country are descended from him.

His eldest son, Rev. Jeremiah Peck, born in England in 1623, died at Waterbury, Conn., June 7, 1699. He married

Joanna Kitchell at Guilford, November 12, 1656. He was a man of good education. Taught school at Guilford in 1656, and was teacher in the Grammar and Colony School at New Haven during 1660 and 1661. In it were taught Latin, Greek, and Hebrew. He became a minister of the Congregational order, and began to preach at Saybrook in 1661, and continued until 1665, when he removed to Guilford, and in 1667 removed to Newark, New Jersey, with many others who were dissatisfied with the union of the colonies of New Haven and Connecticut; then being a joint owner and patentee with other associates of a large tract of land at Elizabethton, New Jersey.

In 1672 he became one of twenty-seven proprietors of common lands in Greenwich, Conn., which was confirmed to the proprietors by Governor Treat in 1697. He continued to reside at Newark and Elizabethton until 1674, when he received a call to Greenwich; here he preached until dismissed for refusing to countenance the doctrine of half-way covenant in 1689. He then received a call to preach at Waterbury, where, as at Greenwich, he became their first settled pastor in 1691, and continued his official duties there until a short time before his death, which occurred in 1699. He had considerable talent, energy, and enterprise, and though largely interested in lands in New Jersey and Connecticut was a man of great usefulness, both as a teacher and clergyman in his day and generation. His name is contained in a list of Connecticut ministers in the Magnalia of Cotton Mather, and he is noticed in the General Register of Farmer, and both mention him as having been a graduate of Harvard College.—*Genealogy by Darius Peck of Hudson, N. Y.*

1. Deacon William Peck.
2. Rev. Jeremiah Peck, m. Joanna Kitchell.
3. Ruth Peck, m. Jonathan Atwater.
4. Ruth Atwater, m. Samuel Ives.
5. Jonathan Ives, m. Thankful Cooper.
6. Thankful Ives, m. Uri Tuttle.
7. Amasa Tuttle, m. Esther Tolles.
8. Esther T. Tuttle, m. Levi M. Marks.
9. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

RICHARD PLATT.

Richard Platt came to this country in 1638. In the records of the colony of New Haven we read that Richard Platt had 84 acres of land in and around New Haven. Among others were several acres in what is now (1891) the best part of the Elm City. It was on the south side of Chapel street, near College, adjoining the ground of Peter Prudden, in what was called the "Hertfordshire quarter." But the project of founding the township of Milford, nine miles west of the city, was soon after matured, and he threw in his lot among the sixty-six who formed themselves into a church organization, August 22, 1639 before they departed from New Haven, and proceeded to carry out the enterprise of settling that flourishing township.

Richard Platt is on the records as a land owner. His name is on the list of free planters made out in 1646.

He was chosen a deacon of the church in 1669. His will made in 1683 left to one of his heirs a legacy "towards bringing up his son to be a scholar." The fact that he left by will a bible to each of his nineteen grandchildren shows in rough pioneer days how sincere and earnest he was in his Christian profession and life. He appears on the records as one of the witnesses of the will of Peter Prudden. Richard Platt's estate was estimated at about six hundred pounds sterling.

In 1889, at the late interesting and noteworthy commemoration of the settlement of Milford 250 years ago, his name was mentioned with honor; and among the coping stones of the beautiful memorial bridge erected on the Wepawaug to perpetuate the memory of the early settlers a stone was placed with this inscription:

Deacon Richard Platt.
Obit., 1684.
Mary his wife.

The capstone is three feet long, twenty-two inches wide, and fifteen inches high. It is located on the south wall of the bridge, in the place of honor, next to the stone of Peter Prudden, the first pastor of Milford. The stone was placed there by the liberality and thoughtfulness of the late Professor Johnson T. Platt of New Haven.

Sir Hugh Platt, who lived in the days of Shakespeare and Bacon, was a noted agriculturist in England. He was very successful in the culture of fruits. He wrote several treatises on subjects suited to his taste and engagements. He has left on record this eloquent passage, "that rare and peerless plant the grape." The writer of this memorial has on his ground more than eight hundred grape vines, most of which he has propagated and planted himself.

It is well known that our family name is quite frequently found in various parts of England. There is good evidence that coats of arms have been granted to six or seven of the family from the time of Edward III, 1326, to the 21st year of Queen Elizabeth's reign. In the records of the Heraldry Office in London, it is called the "ancient and honorable family of Platt." The first ancestor of the most of those who bear the name in the United States was Richard Platt, who came from the very heart of the old country.

Richard Platt, son of Joseph, was baptized September 28, 1603. This is claimed as an extract from the parish records of Barrington, a village near Hertford, England.

The late Prof. Platt of the Yale Law School wrote that a certain Richard Platt founded a free Grammar School in Hertfordshire during the last decade of the 16th century, and it is now, or was recently in successful operation on the original foundation.—*Causick, History of Hertfordshire.*

A newspaper clipping sent by a kinsman states that the Platts of Plattsburgh descended from Leoffric one of the kings of Wales. Their progenitor was Richard Platt, one of the first settlers of New Haven, Conn.—*Platt Lineage, by G. Lewis Platt, S.T.D., Tivoli on the Hudson.*

1. Richard Platt, m. Mary.
2. Josiah Platt, m. Sarah Canfield.
3. Sarah Platt, m. Richard Bryan.
4. Richard Bryan, m. Sarah Treat.
5. Mary Bryan, m. Zachariah Marks.
6. Abraham Marks, m. Content Merwin.
7. Levi M. Marks, m. Esther T. Tuttle.
8. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

GEORGE SMITH.

1. GEORGE SMITH, one of the original settlers of New Haven, who came with Davenport and Eaton, 1639. He received a grant of land from the Colony of all that tract which is known as City, or Oyster, Point, located in the extreme southern part, washed by the waters of Long Island Sound.

He moved to West Haven (then called West farms) about 1655. He built a house near where now (1902) stands the brick house built by Isaac Hine on Water street.

It was occupied by his grandson Andrew, in 1789.

2. LIEUT. SAMUEL, m. Obedience Lamberton.
3. CAPT. SAMUEL, m. Mary Cooper.
4. THANKFUL, m. Daniel Tolles.
5. LAZARUS TOLLES, m. Sibyl Bellamy.
6. ESTHER TOLLES, m. Amasa Tuttle.
7. ESTHER T. TUTTLE, m. Levi M. Marks.
8. AMASA A. MARKS, m. Lucy A. Platt.

JOHN THOMAS.

1. JOHN THOMAS, one of the first settlers of the New Haven Colony in 1639; wife Tabitha; son Daniel, married Rebecca Thompson (daughter of John) in 1669. Their daughter Dorothy married

HENRY TOLLES. Some of the descendants of John Thomas settled in (Amity), now Woodbridge and Bethany; they were among the leading men of both towns.

DANIEL, married Thankful Smith. (See Smith.)

Burke's Landed Gentry, page 1556: "William Thomas died 1664, will proved 1667, married Dorothy, daughter of Sir John and sister and heir of Sir John Carew of Camerton, Somerset.

John Thomas, Surgeon, great grand son of John Thomas, who came in the Hopewell to New England in 1635, an orphan of 14, a Major General in the Revolutionary army; born in 1724."

JOHN THOMPSON.

John Thompson and his brother Anthony came to this country in the company of Gov. Eaton and others of Coventry, England, arriving at Boston June 23, 1637.

They signed the New Haven Colony Constitution in 1639. John Thompson's estate at New Haven, where he died, is still in possession of some of his numerous descendants. He was born in 1604; died December 11, 1674. He was son of Henry Thompson of Royton Chapel, Lenham.

See Atwater Genealogy, recently published by Mr. Francis Atwater of Meriden, which contains fine illustrations of the Old Atwater Homestead and surroundings in England, with descriptions which will interest every descendant of David Atwater, the first settler.

Lenham is a town and parish in West Kent, between Maidstone and Ashford, about nine miles from each, deriving its name from the river *Len,* which rises in the parish, and *ham,* which signifies town or village. This is a place of considerable antiquity, some antiquarians believing it to have been a Roman station. As early as 804 the Kings of Mercia and Kent joined in a grant to the Abbot of the Monastery of St. Augustine, near Canterbury, of "certain land in Lenham."

The parish is about five miles long and four wide, lying chiefly in a valley.

It is said to be well inhabited and the valley part exceedingly well watered, for at the extremity of the town there arises a spring accounted the head of the river Stour, which flowing from thence southward by Royton Chapel, at about a mile distance from its source receives into its stream two other small ones from the northwest, and so goes its way to Ashford and Canterbury. Lenham consists of two streets, and at their intersection is a pleasant square planted with trees. The church of St. Mary stands at the south end of the town and is a large, old and handsome building with square tower and eight bells. It consists of a nave, aisle and two chancels in good repair. In a recess is a recumbent figure in long robes, which is supposed to be that of Thomas de Apulderfield, who lived in the reign of Edward III., and was buried here.

At the west end of the chancel are sixteen stalls, eight on each side, for the use of the monks of St. Augustine, when they visited an estate they held in Lenham parish. The church contains several ancient monuments and a stone confessional. The front is an octagon of white marble, very old. The pulpit is an octagon, curiously carved in each compartment, and bearing the date 1622.

"Six almhouses and one house for a governor were founded by Anthony Honeywood, Esq., of Langley, in this county, for the building and endowing of which he gave an estate in the year 1622 to the parish of Lenham forever, directing £40 per annum to be paid out of it to six poor people inhabiting the almhouses, and the remainder to be to the use of the governor. He was the son of Robert Honeywood of Charing, by Mary Atwater of Royton in Lenham."

These almshouses and the pulpit were stated by the parish clerk of Lenham to be from bequest or by request of Mary Atwater—Mrs. Honeywood, who was buried in this church May 20, 1620.

The Manor of Downe Court—Parish of Lenham.—The Manor of Downe, or Downe Court as it is usually called, is situated in the northern part of this parish, on the summit of the chalk hills. In the reign of King Henry III. it had owners which derived their surnames from it. "How it passed afterwards I have not found, but Robert Atwater, of Royton, in this parish, died possessed of it in 1565, and his daughter and co-heir, Mary, carried it with other estates in this parish and neighborhood, in marriage to Robert Honywood, Esq., of Postling (eldest son of John Honywood, Esq., by his second wife, daughter of — Barnes of Wye)." "Their eldest son, Robert Honywood, of Charing, and afterwards of Markshall in Essex was twice married, first to Dorothy, daughter of John Crook, LL.D., by whom he had one son, Sir Robert Honywood, of Charing, and a daughter Dorothy, married to Henry Thompson, gent." "Sir Robert Honywood on his death devised the Manor of Royton to Dorothy, his daughter by his first wife, married to Mr. Henry Thompson, the second son of Mr. Thomas Thompson of Sandwich."

Robert Honywood married Mary, one of the daughters and co-heirs of Robert Atwater of Royton, near Lenham in Kent,

Esq., a very rich man. By her he got a considerable addition to his estate and a large family of sixteen children, seven sons and nine daughters. Robert, the eldest son and heir, succeeded them in the Lordship of Charing, and also purchased in 1605 this estate of Markshall, and removed from Kent hither, making this seat the chief place of his residence. He pulled down part of the old house, and built a handsome front, which was finished about 1609.

The Manor house is pleasantly situated near the church, on rising ground. Part of the old house is standing, to which a beautiful front was added by Robert Honywood, Esq. The gardens, park and fish ponds contribute not a little to make it a delightful seat. "At the entrance over the porch are carved several quartering of the families' arms. . . .

"Sable, wavy, bendy, of four, in fesse argent, between three swans proper, for Waters."

"Mrs. Honywood lived to see three hundred of her descendants, nine of them being in the fourth generation."

Mrs. Honywood was on many accounts distinguished, but chiefly for her Christian character, for her attachment to the Protestant doctrines, and her fearless manifestations of sympathy with the Reformers.

Sketches of her life are found in Tolles' Worthies of England, and the History of the Croke Family by Sir Alexander Croke, D.C.L., and F.A.S., himself a descendant of Mrs. Honywood.

In the persecutions during the reign of Queen Mary she used to visit the prisons, and administered comfort and relief to the unhappy sufferers.

She consulted a spiritual adviser, Mr. John Bradford, a celebrated divine and preacher, who was committed to prison soon after Queen Mary's accession. "When the time of Bradford's sufferings approached, and he was to be carried to Smithfield to be burnt, Mrs. Honywood determined to accompany him. Not deterred by the tumult and the crowds which assemble upon such occasions, she pressed forward with undaunted courage and stood as near to him as possible, though such was the pressure of the mob that her shoes were trodden off and lost. On their arrival at the place Bradford went boldly up to the stake, and laying down flat on his face on one side of it, as a young man who suffered with him did on the other they continued in prayer

some little time till the sheriff told them to rise. When they were got up Bradford took a faggot and kissed it, as he did the stake. When he pulled off his clothes he desired they might be given to his servant, who, he observed, was poor." After he was chained to the stake he held his hands and face to heaven and said aloud: 'O England, England, repent thee of thy sins!' Then declaring that he forgave and asking forgiveness of all the world, requested the people to pray for him, he encouraged the young man chained to the same stake behind him: saying, 'Be of comfort, brother, for we shall have a merry supper with the Lord this night.' In the midst of his tortures Bradford embraced the flaming reeds that were near him, and the last words which he was heard to say were, Straight is the gate and narrow is the way that leadst unto life, and few there be that find it.

"When this affecting scene was over, after disengaging herself from the crowd, Mrs. Honywood was obliged to walk barefoot from Smithfield to St. Martin's before she could purchase a new pair of shoes."

This was on the 25th of July, 1555, when Mrs. Honywood was but 28 years of age.

"There is a picture of her at Coleshill in Hertfordshire, the seat of the Lord Viscount Folkstone, son of the Earl of Radnor, who is descended from her, as is likewise his lady, through her mother Lady Mildruey.

In the family manor house at Marks Hall, in Essex, in the dining room, was an original picture of her in a widow's dress with a book in her hand. On the right side of her hat was this inscription in golden letters: 'Ætatis suæ 70': on the other side 'Ano Dm 1597.'"

Mrs. Honywood was buried in Lenham Church, near her husband, though a monument was erected to her memory at Marks Hall in Essex by her eldest son Robert Honywood, with the following inscription:

"Mary Waters, the daughter and co-heir of Robert Waters, of Lenham in Kent Esq, wife of Robert Honywood, of Charing in Kent Esquire her only husband, who had at her decease . . . descended from her 367 children, 16 of her own, 114 grandchildren, 228 in the third generation, and 9 in the fourth.

She lived a most pious life, and in a Christian manner died

here at Marks Hall in the 93 year of her age, and in the 44 of her widowhood, 11 of May, 1620."—*Atwater Genealogy.*

1. John Thompson, m. Ellen Harrison.
2. Rebecca Thompson, m. Daniel Thomas.
3. Dorothy Thomas, m. Henry Tolles.
4. Daniel Tolles, m. Thankful Smith.
5. Lazarus Tolles, m. Sibyl Bellamy.
6. Esther Tolles, m. Amasa Tuttle.
7. Esther T. Tuttle, m. Levi M. Marks.
8. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

CHRISTOPHER TODD.

Christopher Todd, born Pontefract, Eng.; baptized Jan. 11, 1617; was in New Haven 1639, miller, farmer, and baker. In 1650 bought of Joseph Crane lot on Elm Street, between Orange and Church, afterwards called the Blue meeting-house lot. St. Thomas's Church now stands on a part of it.

He acquired considerable property; he first hired, then bought a grist mill, erected by the town, where Whitney's gun factory now stands, long known as Todd's mill.—*Rev. Dr. J. E. Todd.*

Tod, an old Scottish term for fox, hence the use of that animal in the family arms.

Adam Todd landed in New York about 1700 from Scotland; his descendants are numerous; intermarried with Astors, Brevoorts, Sedgwicks, etc. An Irish Todd settled in Pennsylvania, ancestor of Mrs. President Lincoln. Three Yorkshire families of Todds settled in this country. 1. Va. Todd of Ken., whom Thomas, was Assistant Judge of United States Supreme Court. 2. A descendant of John Todd of Charlestown, Mass., 1637, furnished a Gen. to Rev. army, and many men of distinction. 3. Conn. Todds.—*Tuttle Genealogy.*

William, ancestor of the Connecticut family, lived in Pomfret, York County, England, West Riding, Yorkshire.—See Blackman.

RICHARD TREAT.

Richard Treat, born in England, came to New England and settled in Wethersfield, Conn. He was a Deputy from 1644 to 1658-1665, and a patentee of the charter that was granted to Connecticut by Charles II. in 1662. His estate of about 300 acres in what is now Glastonbury, was long known as the Treat farm.

He married Alice Gaylord in Pitsminster, Somersetshire, England, April 27, 1615. She was born May 1st, 1594; daughter of Hugh Gaylord.

The name of Hugh Gaylord appears in the Taunton Manor Register, 1573, Powndsford, two furlongs of Bondland, and two acres of overland in Smallcross, and one acre of overland in Lakemead in the tythying of South Trendlate of Nicholas Gaylord and the said Hugh, first surrendered one acre of Bondland, called Southgrove in tythying aforesaid, by surrender of John Gaylord, Johanna, widow of Nicholas, to hold to said Johann a Messuage and land for residence, &c.—*Treat Genealogy.*

Leon Norton says, in the Connecticut Magazine, "Isaac Norton and wife were early settlers of Fall Mountain, Bristol, Conn., were of ancient lineage; another very ancient family also settled at an earlier date on Fall Mountain, the Gaylords.

They were of Norman-French extraction, dating back to the year 1248.

In the sixteenth century, having embraced the Protestant faith, they were, with other Huguenots, driven out of France, finding a refuge in hospitable England.

It is one of the romantic episodes of history that these two old families who fought shoulder to shoulder in the Crusades, endured persecution for their faith and sought an aslyum in the New World, should as neighbors together help to subdue the wilderness, and fight valiantly for their country's independence in the Revolution.

Among the early settlers of the Wyoming Valley were Aaron Gaylord and his wife Katherine. The local chapter of Daughters of the Revolution was named in her honor.

The first organ in Bristol was installed in the Baptist Church in 1820 and was built in town by Basil Treat. Sherman Treat was the first organist."

1. Richard Treat, m. Alice Gaylord.
2. Gov. Robert Treat, m. Jane Tapp.
3. Joseph Treat, m. Frances Bryan.
4. Sarah Treat, m. Richard Bryan.
5. Mary Bryan, m. Zachariah Marks.
6. Abraham Marks, m. Content Merwin.
7. Levi Marks, m. Esther T. Tuttle.
8. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

GOVERNOR ROBERT TREAT.

Governor Robert Treat, born in England in 1622, came to Wethersfield with his father Richard, who died there in 1669. Robert removed to Milford in 1639; although eighteen years of age, was appointed one of nine men to survey and lay out the land. He had been made Lieutenant in the train band in 1654 and Captain in 1661. Major in 1673.

In 1675 he was chosen commander-in-chief of the force for the war with King Philip and drove the Indians from Northfield and Springfield. In their assault upon Hadley he put them to flight, and he took an active part in the destruction of the Narragansetts. Major Treat is said to have been the last to leave the fort.

He was elected Deputy Governor in 1676, served until 1682, when he was elected Governor. He was chosen again 1698, and served till 1708. In 1683 a dispute arose with the Governor of New Jersey, who claimed that Rye, Greenwich and Stamford belonged to his jurisdiction. When Governor Andross demanded the surrender of the charter, Governor Treat and council replied that they could not comply with the request until they had heard from the King.

On November 1st, 1687, Governor Treat, though on various pretexts he had refused to surrender the charter for about two years, was made one of Governor Andross' council, and within a week Colonel of Militia of New Haven County.

Connecticut suffered less than any of the other colonies from the tyrannical acts of Andross, doubtless owing to the guidance of Governor Treat.

His son Samuel, clergyman, born in Milford, 1648, was the grandfather of Robert Payne, who was the signer of the Declaration of Independence.—*Appleton's Cyclopedia of American Biography.*

Governor Treat married Jane, daughter of Edmund (and Ann) Tapp, who was among the New Haven planters, and went thence to Milford, where he was one of the seven foundation men in the church, and a judge in the general court.

An extract from the Governor's will:

"I do give to my son Robert my gold ring and one-half of my plate, buttons, and the other half of my plate and buttons do I give to my son Joseph."

Among the items of interest at the recent Bicentennial celebration of Yale University, October 20-23, 1901, "Two chairs of historic value will be in use on the platform at the most important ceremony of the week, the commemoration exercises of Wednesday morning. One of these is the President Pierson chair, which will be occupied by President Hadley; the other, the Governor Treat chair, which will be occupied by Governor McLean. The Pierson chair was the chair used by the first president of the College. The Governor Treat chair is kindly loaned by Mrs. Henry Champion of 270 Crown street, a direct descendant of Governor Treat through seven generations.

"Robert Treat was born in 1622, and was one of the earliest settlers of Milford, Connecticut. In 1675 he was commander of the Connecticut troops sent against King Philip, and in 1676 was elected Deputy Governor, and in 1683 Governor of the colony. This office he held till 1698, when, because of advanced age he became Deputy Governor, which office he held at the time of the foundation of Yale.

"It is said that the chair above referred to was occupied by him at the historic meeting of the General Court with Governor Andross when the charter which Andross had come to demand suddenly disappeared, to be found later in the 'Charter Oak.' Andross had been sent over to take back the Connecticut charter and to unite that colony with Massachusetts. The meeting took place October 31, 1687, and it was the vigorous action of Governor Treat two years later that saved the position of Connecticut as an independent colony.

"Both the Pierson chair and the Treat chair are interesting examples of colonial furniture of the seventeeth century, the former being a plain panel chair, and the latter ornamented with low relief carving."

CAPT. NATHANIEL TURNER.

Capt. Nathaniel Turner had been a soldier in the low countries; came in the fleet with Winthrop 1630; was constable in Boston 1632; representative at the first court, 1634-6; went against the Pequots, 1637. On the formation of the Civil Govt. in New Haven, was elected one of the first four magistrates (October 25, 1639). In 1640 chosen Chief Military Officer of the Colony, to have the "charge and ordering of all military affairs in the plantation." In 1640 one of the purchasers for the colony of Stamford. In same year as agent for New Haven bought lands on both sides of the Delaware River and appt. Supt. of Colonial Interests there.

Chosen with Mr. Lamberton deputy to the "Court of Combination" (Oct. 26, 1643), or congress of the New England colonies of Connecticut, New Haven, Plymouth and Massachusetts Bay. In Jan., 1646, sailed for London in the "Phantom Ship," and was never heard of. His sword is in possession of the Connecticut Historical Society at Hartford.

His widow married Samuel Van Goodenhausen. His daughter Mary married Capt. Thomas Yale.—See Yale.—*Tuttle Genealogy.*

WILLIAM TUTTLE.

William Tuttle was a passenger on the Planter in April, 1635; he arrived with his family about the first of July.

It appears from a petition on file in the Secretary of State's office in Boston, that he was a merchant, and this might be partly inferred from his joining Mr. Eaton's company, many of whom had been engaged in the old country, and whose purpose was to found a commercial city in the new.

The Tuttle homestead was the only land owned by Yale College for nearly thirty years. It is now (1883) 243 years since its purchase from the Indians. In this very spot where William Tuttle lived and died, his great-grandson, Jonathan Edwards, studied, taught, and achieved his "great and excellent tutorial renown."

Captain C. H. Townshend says that William Tuttle and Mr. Gregson were the first owners of land in East Haven, and that Mr. Tuttle surveyed and laid out the road from the ferry at Red Rock to Stony River, etc.

Failing in his commercial aspirations and enterprise, he betook himself, like his fellow colonists, to the cultivation of the soil.

In the care of his large family and property, and in the performance of his public duties, he doubtless found ample employment of mind and body; besides the education and support of his children, numerous public duties devolved upon him, watching, training, arbitrations between contending settlers, Juror, Constable, Road Commissioner, buying and selling lands, etc.

The Colonial records give us an idea of the diversity of his activities and occupation. From the foregoing we may infer that he was the equal socially of any of the colonists.

The inventory of Mrs. Elizabeth Tuttle indicates a ladylike refinement in apparel and household appointments.

In the published genealogies of the Welles, Chaunceys, Edwards, Dwights and Trowbridges, likenesses do appear in the Tuttle descent that are not found in the others.

It is plain that somewhere along the ancestral lines of this strain of blood, remarkable energy has been infused, that has shown itself in every form of activity and achievement.

In theology it produced an Edwards, among educators a Dwight and a Woolsey, in art a Kensett, in literature a Peter Parley, in languages in the sweat and grime of the blacksmith's forge a Burritt, it wrote history with the half-blind eyes of Prescott.

The first of this branch known to us is William Tuttle. His name stands at the head of a pedigree taken from Meyrick's *Heraldic Visitations of Wales,* Vol. I, page 83, dated October 24, 1591, and received from Richard Tuttyl, whose arms, as described, are the same as in the frontispiece (Tuttle Book) excepting that the lion is rampant, instead of passant, and is differenced with a mulled, denoting that he was a third son. His arms are impaled with the arms of Grafton. From the above, from Polwhele's *Devon,* and from sundry English Histories, we have gleaned the following, which shows the standing, character and associations of the family at the time of and a hundred years antecedent to the settlement of New England.

William Totyl, called in the pedigree Esq., of Devonshire, was Bailiff in 1528, again in 1548, High Sheriff of Devon in 1549, and Lord Mayor of Exeter in 1552. At this period Exeter was the political capital of the West of England; and second only to London in importance. It is a city of great antiquity, a bishopric and the capital of Devonshire, which is one of the most beautiful counties in England, and one of the largest, being only second to Yorkshire in size.

In the pedigree his wife is called Elizabeth Mathew of Vorganwg, and she was doubtless the mother of Geoffry, John, Robert, Richard and perhaps several more. She was daughter of Geoffry Mathew of Glamorganshire, which some Welsh genealogists have traced back to Gwaethwed, Prince of Cardigan and Gwent, while others deduce it from Yorkelyne.

Burke, in his *Landed Gentry*, says the name was of considerable distinction in Cornwall and Devon at an early date.

Of this line was Sir David Mathew of Llandaff, Great Standard Bearer, Admiral Thomas Mathew, M.P., Colonel John Mathew, who took a leading part, under his relations on the maternal side, Sir Richard and Sir Bevil Granville, in the civil war in the West of England, George Mathew, High Sheriff of Glamorganshire, 1592, who married 1620, Elizabeth, Viscountess Thurbes, mother of James Duke of Ormund, and settled in Ireland, Tobias Mathew, Archbishop of York, and Cecil Mathew married Baron Talbot, and is represented by the Earl of Shrewsbury and Talbot.

Of the 36 children of William Tothill, the names of only 12 are known to us. The 9th, Richard, married Joan Grafton, daughter of Richard Grafton.—*Tuttle Genealogy.*

1. William Tuttle, m. Elizabeth.
2. Jonathan Tuttle, m. Rebecca Bell.
3. Nathaniel Tuttle, m. Esther Blakeslee.
4. Nathaniel Tuttle, m. Mary Todd.
5. Uri Tuttle, m. Thankful Ives.
6. Amasa Tuttle, m. Esther Tolles.
7. Esther T. Tuttle, m. Levi M. Marks.
8. Amasa A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

George F. Tuttle, compiler of "The Tuttle Family," says: "The man who of all others is least likely to pride himself on any ancestral line is the genealogist, for he considers more than

others how many progenitors every one of us has had rich, poor, kings, slaves, Greek and barbarian. If we are accused of vanity or pride in thus connecting ourselves with the great of former times, we must bear the imputation (under protest) as best we may, conscious that tens of thousands in this country to say nothing of the Old World must share with us. We must trace to Charlemagne or to nobody, for there are no other authentic European pedigrees without hiatus or break reaching back so far as those that lead back to him."

LINEAGE OF GRAFTON.

1. Pepin the Old, b. about 560; Mayor of Austrasia.
2. Dodo d. 640; m. Anchuses, dau. of St. Arnold; d. 639. Bishop of Metz.
3. Pepin d' Huestal, Duke of Austrasia, d. 1714; m. Elphide.
4. Charles Martel, Duke of Franks, saved Europe from Mohammedanism at battle of Tours; d. 741; m. Rotrude.
5. Pepin the Short, King of France, d. 768; a. 53; m. Bertha, "with the long foot, an excellent woman," dau. of Canbert, Count of Luon; d. 783.
6. Charlemagne, b. 742; d. 814; m. (1) a dau. of Desiderius, King of Lombardy, who had no children and was divorced; (2) Hildegard of Swabia. Bertha, a sister of Charlemagne, m. Milo, Count of Angiers and had Roland, who was slain at Roncesvalles.
7. Lewis Debonaire, Emperor of the West, d. 840; m. Judith, "the fair," dau. of Walplus, Count of Alsorf, in Switzerland, who d. 843.
8. Charles the Bald, Emperor of the West, b. 823; d. 878; m. Ermentrude, dau. of Count of Orleans, d. 869.
9. Princess Judith, m. (1) Athelwolf, King of England, who d. 856, his 2d wife. He was father of Alfred the Great, by his first wife, Osburg, desc. from a nephew of Cedric. She m. (2) Baldwin, Count of Flanders, who d. 879.
10. Baldwin II, Count of Flanders; m. 689, Elfrida, dau. of Alfred the Great. She d. 929.
11. Arnolf, Count of Flanders, d. 965; a. 72; m. Alisa, dau. of Herbert, Count of Hermandois. She d. 960.
12. Baldwin III. Count of Flanders and Artois, d. 988; m. 965, Rosalia, dau. of Beringarus II, King of Italy.
13. Baldwin IV. "Fairbeard," d. 1036; m. (1) Eleanor, dau. of Frederick I, Count of Luxemburg. She died 1038.
14. Baldwin V. C. of F., d. 1067; m. 1026, Alisa, dau. of Robert II, King of France, granddaughter of Hugh Capet.

15. Maud, m. 1066, William of the Conquest the same year he won the battle of Hastings; b. at Falaise, 1025; d. 1089, son of Robert, Duke of Normandy, sometimes called the "Magnificent," and sometimes, Robert the Devil.
16. Henry I. King of England, b. 1070; d. 1147; had by Mesta Tudor Princess of North Wales.
17. Robert, Earl of Gloucester; m. Mabel Fitzramon.
18. Maud, m. Randal de Germon, Earl of Chester, who d. 1153.
19. Hugh Bevelioc, Earl of Chester, d. 1181; had by a dau. of Meredith, Lord of Hinley.
20. Pagan.
21. William.
22. Morgan.
23. Raunolph, m. Cecilia de Fulford, dau. of Robert.
24. William, m. Alice de Heath.
25. William de Grafton, who took his name from the township of Grafson in Cheshire, 1333.
26. Wm. de Grafton.
27. Matilda de Grafton, heiress, m. Ralph Mylneton.
28. Ralph Grafton.
29. Ralph Grafton.
30. Richard Grafton, gent. had arms conferred Aug. 16, 1512, by letters testimonial to Spain by Wm. Flower, Esq., Norroy.
31. Richard Grafton, author of the "Chronicles of England."
32. Joan Grafton, m. Richard Tothill (1 of Wm. Tothill, Mayor of Exeter and High Sheriff of Devon) great grandfather of William Tuttle, who emigrated to Mass., 1635, and was one of the founders of New Haven, Conn, 1639.

MOSES WHEELER.

Moses Wheeler was born in Kent, England, in 1598, where the Wheeler family had resided for over four hundred years. He left London in 1634, and coming to America joined the New Haven Colony, and was among the first to receive an allotment of land in that colony. Here he married Miriam Hawley, a sister of Joseph, one of the first and most influential settlers in this colony. He afterwards bought a large tract of land in Stratford.

He died on the 15th of January, 1698, and enjoyed the distinction of being the first centenarian white man in New England. He is buried in the old Congregational Church yard at Stratford.

A rough stone cut from the rocks of the Homestead marks his grave. The inscription follows:

Moses Wheeler.
Aged 100.
Dyed Jan. 15th.
1698.

By his will, proved February 19, 1698, after disposing of his real and personal property generally, added, I give to my daughter Miriam two pewter dishes, etc.

He bought a large tract of land of the Indians at Derby, Connecticut.—*Fairfield Biography.*

Moses Wheeler came from England and settled about 1640; subsequently he removed to Stratford, where his family became very prominent, and for many generations ranked among the most influential citizens. Some of its members joined the colonists who left Stratford to form more settlements north and west of that old town, and carried with them to these new localities the characteristics of the founder of the family. They were active, intelligent, progressive, and were soon the recognized leaders in their respective localities. Elisha, a lineal descendant, was born in South Britain, Conn. His daughter married Rev. Elihu T. Sanford of New Haven 1889. His youngest son, Alfred, is a practicing attorney at New Haven; graduated at Yale 1875.—*History of New Haven County, Conn.*

Mrs. William J. Clark of Derby, in a paper read before the Elizabeth Hull Chapter, D. A. R. of Derby, says: "General Joseph Wheeler, who acquitted himself so bravely at Santiago, is descended from several families who settled in Seymour or its vicinity in the days when it was almost an unbroken wilderness. He was born in Augusta, Georgia, September 10, 1836. His father was Joseph Wheeler, a wealthy banker and planter. He was born in Derby and was son of Joseph Wheeler, who was son of James, who came to Derby 1736, and married Sarah Johnson, daughter of Colonel Ebenezer. General Joe Wheeler's mother was Julia (Knox) Hull, daughter of General William Hull. When Joseph was five years old his mother came with her children to Derby, where they would have the advantages of schools. The following year she died, and his father having met with reverses, he remained in Derby in the

care of an aunt. At the age of thirteen, he was sent to the Military Academy for one year.

1. Moses Wheeler, m. Miriam Hawley.
2. Miriam Wheeler, m. James Blackman.
3. Sarah Blackman, m. John Todd.
4. Josiah Todd, m. Abagail Fredericks.
5. Mary Todd, m. Nathaniel Tuttle.
6. Uri Tuttle, m. Thankful Ives.
7. Amasa Tuttle, m. Esther Tolles.
8. Esther Tuttle, m. Levi M. Marks.
9. A. A. Marks, m. Lucy A. Platt.

CAPTAIN THOMAS YALE.

Captain Thomas Yale came from England with the first colonists of New Haven; brother of David Yale of Denbighshire, father of Elihu, the founder of Yale College. They were of an ancient and wealthy family in Wales, which for many generations inherited the Manor of Plas Grannow, and several other Messuages near the city of Wrexham, yearly value of five hundred pounds.—*Trumbull's History of Connecticut.*

When Henry II, in 1220, sought to subdue Wales, he applied to Ireland for assistance, and was given some men under a young cadet of the house of Fitzgerald, who as a reward for his services, was given a hundred in Wales, called Yale, and from this county or hundred the young sprig of the Fitzgeralds took the name of Yale. He prospered in the new country, and the castle of Dru Brosois over the beautiful Vale of St. Gothlin, became the home of the house of Yale. Early in the 17th century, David Yale, Chancellor to the Bishop of Chester, whose daughter he married, died leaving three sons. His widow married Theophilus Eaton, who emigrated to America and became the first Governor of New Haven Colony.—Address before Historical Society, New Haven, by Walter J. Conner, President of Board of Aldermen, graduate of Yale College.

Yale Lineage—This family derives its descent from Tudor Trevor and Brockwell, Ysggthrog, Prince of Powys. Lineally descended from Osborn Fitzgerald, called by the Welsh, Osburn Wyddel. Ellis ap Gruffydd ap Einion of Corrygsdal,

(second son) according to Lewys Dwnn (Herald, Visit. of Wales) sixth from Osborn Wyddel (13th century) Margaret, daughter and heir of Jenkyn of Ienan of Llewellyn ap David Llwyd and in right of his wife became possessor of Plas yn Yale (or rather Ial). This was about 1480. John Yale of Plas yn Yale, grandson of Ellis ap Gruffydd, married Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Mostyn, and his grandson Thomas Yale, Esq. of Plas yn Yale, had as wife a daughter of Humphrey Hughes of Gwerclas, and his great grandson was the Rev. John Yale of Plas yn Yale, who married Frances, daughter of John Jones, Esq. of Lwyn Onn; uniting thus two ancient families. He was succeeded at Plas yn Yale by his only surviving son, the Rev. John Yale, and he on his death, s. p., by his only sister, Sarah Yale of Plas yn Yale.

By her will, which was proved 1821, she entailed the Plas yn Yale estate upon William 4th son of Thomas Parry, Jones Parry, Esq., grand nephew of Miss Yale's mother, who assumed the name of Yale in compliance with the above will. Yale is the name of the lordship embracing five parishes in which Plas yn Yale is situated.

This noble family is the result of the junction of two of the ancient clans of North Wales.

The Mostyns derive from Tudor Trevor, Lord of Bromfield, Whittington, and Hereford, founder of the "Tribe of the Marches," living in the 10th century, and the Lloyds are of the sept of Abergale in Denbighshire, founder of the eighth noble tribe of North Wales.

Among the distinguished members may be named Elihu Yale, Denbighshire, founder of Yale College, Connecticut, New Haven.—*County Families of Yale.*

Yale Pedigree Communicated by Captain Charles Townshend of Raynham, New Haven, Conn:

During my wanderings the past summer through England and Wales, at the Probate Court, Chester, I obtained copies of wills of my ancestors, the Yales and Lloyds, and made a visit to Water Gate Street to Bishop George Lloyd's palace, built in 1615.

THOMAS YALE, LL.D.,

Chancellor to Matthew Parker, Arch Bishop of Canterbury.—Will proved P. P. C. April 1st, 1578, Langley, fol. 16. To kinsman Davy Yale, &c., to the right heir of me which is Thomas Yale, the said Thomas Yale observing such conditions as I have thought beneficial for him to do. To Davy Yale, the house in Yale (Welsh Estate). Executrix, Johanna, the widow. Co-Executor, David Yale.

DAVID YALE, LL.D.,

Vicar General of the Rt. Rev. George Lloyd, Bishop of Chester, 23 January, 1607. Will dated 15 August, 1625. Proved in the Consistory Court of Chester, June 16, 1626. To David Yale, Thomas Yale and Ann Yale, children of my eldest son, late deceased.

Thomas Yale, Gent, eldest son, married Ann Lloyd.

2 husband, Theophilus Eaton, London merchant.

David Yale married Frances Lloyd, daughter of John Lloyd, L. L. D., of Hartshorne, Co. Derby.—*His Brass in Center Church.*

Dr. Lloyd died February 20, 1607, aged 74; wife Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Piggot of Dodders Hall, in the Co. of Bucks, an Esquire of ancient nobility, died December 12, 1590.

John Lloyd, a Cambrittion Doctor of Laws; for forty years advocate in the Canterbury Court of Arches, London.

Captain Thomas Yale of New Haven Colony, one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, May 6, 1638. Died March 27, 1683, at New Haven. The History of the parish church at Wrexham, "one of the four wonders of Wales," in the chancel of which are tablets to the Yale family, and in the church yard the monument to Elihu Yale, lately restored by the corporation of Yale College, in grateful remembrance for his timely aid, and other values.—*New England Historical Register.*

1. CAPT. THOMAS YALE, m. Mary Turner.
2. MARY YALE, m. Capt. Joseph Ives.
3. SAMUEL IVES, m. Ruth Atwater.
4. JONATHAN IVES, m. Thankful Cooper.
5. THANKFUL IVES, m. Uri Tuttle.
6. AMASA TUTTLE, m. Esther Tolles.
7. ESTHER T. TUTTLE, m. Levi M. Marks.
8. AMASA A. MARKS, m. Lucy A. Platt.

ANCESTRAL RECORD

OF

AMASA ABRAHAM MARKS, BORN APRIL 3, 1825.

Second Generation.

Levi Merwin Marks, b. Milford, Conn., Feb. 8th, 1792; d. Bethany, Feb. 21, 1880. 88.
Esther Tolles Tuttle, b. Woodbridge, Conn., Dec. 23, 1792; m. April 18, 1813; d. N. Y., Jan. 12, 1858.

Third Generation.

Abraham Marks, b. Milford, Nov. 23, 1765. A.
Content Merwin, b. Milford, Sept. 1768; m.

Amasa Tuttle, b. Woodbridge, May 4, 1766; d. Jan. 3, 1827. 60.
Esther Tolles, b. Woodbridge, May, 1770; d. Dec. 23, 1792. 22.

Fourth Generation.

Zachariah Marks, b. Derby, June 28, 1734; d. Milford, Aug. 25, 1802. 68.
Mary Bryan, b. 1736.

John Merwin, b. Milford, 1734.
Elizabeth Buckingham, b. Milford, Apr. 11, 1738; d. 1833. 95.

Uri Tuttle, b. Hamden, Sept. 8, 1738; d. Woodbridge, June 16, 1822. 84.
Thankful Ives, b. Hamden, March 14, 1747; m. Dec. 5, 1764; d. Aug. 1, 1834. 88.

Lazarus Tolles, b. Woodbridge, 1745.
Sibyl Bellamy, b. Apr. 21, 1748.

Fifth Generation.

Mordecai Marks, b. London, Eng., Apr. 23, 1706; d. Derby, Jan. 8, 1771.
Elizabeth Hawkins, b. Derby; m. 1729.

Richard Bryan, b. Milford, 1707; d. Milford, Feb. 19, 1792. 85.
Sarah Treat, b. Milford, June 6, 1699; d. Nov. 12, 1748. 49.

John Merwin, b. Milford, Apr., 1707; d. Feb. 19, 1792. 85.
Elizabeth Nettleton, b. 1708; m. Dec. 2, 1730.

Samuel Buckingham, b. Milford, June 21, 1693; d. Dec. 29, 1749. 56.
Silence Clark, m. May 20, 1714.

Nathaniel Tuttle, b. North Haven, May 29, 1714; d. 1746.
Mary Todd, b. North Haven, Nov. 27, 1720; m. Jan. 16, 1737; d. 1742.

Jonathan Ives, b. Hamden, March 14, 1716; m. Feb. 19, 1737.
Thankful Cooper, b. Apr. 11, 1721.

Daniel Tolles, d. Nov. 18, 1776.
Thankful Smith, b. Sept. 30, 1712; d. 1784.

Samuel Bellamy, b. Wallingford, Jan. 18, 1721; d. 1770.
Mary Jones, b. Wallingford, Dec. 5, 1721.

Sixth Generation.

Joseph Hawkins, b. Feb. 14, 1669; m. Milford, Aug. 9, 1693.
Elizabeth Gunn, b. Milford, Apr., 1672.

Richard Bryan, b. Milford, 1666; d. Jan. 18, 1734.
Sarah Platt, b. Milford, Sept., 1673.

Joseph Treat, b. Milford, 1662; d. Aug. 9, 1731.
Frances Bryan, b. Milford, 1668; d. 1703.

John Merwin, b. Milford, 1684; d. Jan. 5, 1727.
Hannah Platt, b. Milford, 1685; m. Feb. 7, 1705; d. 1728.

Samuel Nettleton, b. Milford, 1662.
Martha Baldwin, b. Milford, 1663.

Samuel Buckingham, b. Milford, 1668.
Sarah.

George Clark, b. Milford, 1647; d. July 19, 1734.
Deborah Gold.

Nathaniel Tuttle, b. Feb. 24, 1676.
Esther Blakeslee, d. 1756.

Josiah Todd, m. Dec. 18, 1718.
Abigail Fredericks.

Samuel Ives, b. Nov. 6, 1677; m. Jan. 3, 1705.
Ruth Atwater, b. New Haven, Dec. 31, 1688.

Joseph Cooper, b. New Haven, Sept. 11, 1683.
Abigail.

Henry Tolles, b. 1669; m. Apr. 13, 1693; d. Jan., 1750. 81.
Dorothy Thomas, d. Oct. 19, 1727.

Capt. Samuel Smith, b. 1676; m. Aug. 14, 1700.
Mary Cooper, b. Nov. 15, 1669.

Matthew Bellamy, b. 1672; d. June 7, 1752. 77.
Sarah Wood, b.; m. Sept. 26, 1705; d. March 8, 1721.

Samuel Jones, b. Sept. 27, 1693; m. March 13, 1719.
Sarah Hickson, b. March 13.

Seventh Generation.

Richard Bryan, b. England; m. Milford, 1649.
Mary Pantry, b. 1629.

Josiah Platt, b. Milford, 1645; d. 1676.
Sarah Canfield, b. Milford, 1647; m. Dec. 2, 1669.

Gov. Robert Treat, b. Eng., 1622; d. July 12, 1710.
Jane Tapp, b. Eng., 1628.

John Merwin, b. Milford, 1650.
Mary Holbrook, widow; m. Apr. 12, 1683; d. Oct. 20, 1705.

Samuel Nettleton, b. England.
Maria.

Samuel Buckingham, b. Milford, 1640; d. 1700.
Sarah Baldwin, b. Milford, Aug., 1645; m. 1663.

George Clark, b. ; d. 1690.

Major Nathan Gold, b. Eng., St. Edmundsbury.
Martha Harvey, widow.

Joseph Hawkins, b. Milford, 1642; m. Apr. 8, 1668.

Jobamah Gunn, b. Milford.
Sarah Lane.

Jonathan Tuttle, b. Charleston, Mass., July 8, 1637; d. 1705.
Rebecca Bell, b. Aug., 1643; d. May 2, 1676.

John Blakeslee, b. 1651; d. March 17, 1713.
Grace Ventrus, b.

John Todd, b. Dec. 2, 1642; m. Aug. 20, 1677.
Sarah Blackman, b. Apr. 25, 1658; d. Dec. 16, 1688.

William Fredericks, b. 1672; Nov. 1. 1751.
Abagail Doolittle, b. Feb. 26, 1668; m. 1743.

Joseph Ives, Capt., b. 1642; d. Nov. 1, 1751.
Mary Yale, b. Oct. 26, 1650; m. Jan. 2, 1672.

Jonathan Atwater, b. July 12, 1656; d. 1736.
Ruth Peck, b. Apr. 3, 1661; m. Jan. 1, 1681.

John Cooper, Jun., b. May 28, 1642.
Mary Thompson, b. 1652; m. Dec. 27, 1666.

Henry Tolles.
Sarah.

Daniel Thomas.
Rebecca Thompson, b. Jan. 26, 1651; m. Feb. 3, 1669.

Lieut. Samuel Smith, b. Dec. 7, 1651.
Obedience Lamberton, b. Feb. 9, 1644; m. 1676.

Matthew Bellamy, m. 1671.
Bethia Ford, d. 1692.

Isaac Jones, b. Jan. 26, 1671.
Deborah Clark, b. Oct. 24, 1672. Nov. 21, 1692. May 25, 1735.

Richard Baldwin, b. England, Aug. 25, 1622.
Elizabeth Alsop, b. England; m. 1643.

Eighth Generation.

Dr. Jasper Gunn, b. England, 1606.

Robert Hawkins, b. Eng.

Alexander Bryan, b. England, 1602; d. Nov. 20, 1699.
Anna Baldwin, b. England; m. 1631; d. Feb. 20, 1661.

William Pantry, b. England; d. in Hartford, Ct.
Margaret, b. England.

John Alsop, b. England; d. 1631.
Temperance Gilbert, b. Eng.

Timothy Ford, b. Eng.; d. Conn., Aug. 28, 1689.

Richard Platt, b. England, 1603; d. 1684.
Mary, Jan., 1676.

Thomas Canfield, b. London, Eng.
Phoebe Crane.

Richard Treat.
Alice Gaylord, b. Pitsminster, Somersetshire, Eng., May 1, 1594.

Edmund Tapp, b. Eng.
Ann.

Miles Merwin, b. England, 1623; d. Apr. 25, 1697.
Moses Ventrus, d. in Wallingford, Conn.
Thomas Buckingham, b. Eng.

Timothy Baldwin, b. Eng.; d. Milford, 1664.
Mary.

James Clark, b. Eng.
Deborah Peacock, b. Eng.

Sylvester Baldwin, b. Eng.
Sarah Bryan, b. Eng.

William Tuttle, b. Eng., 1609; d. New Haven, Jan., 1674.
Elizabeth, b. Eng., 1612; d. New Haven, Dec. 30, 1684.

Lieut. Francis Bell, b. Eng.; d. Stamford, Jan. 8, 1690.
——— ——— ——; d. May 17, 1684.
Samuel Blakeslee, b. England; d. New Haven, 1672.
Hannah Potter, m. Dec. 3, 1650.

Christopher Todd, b. Pontefract, Eng., Jan., 1617; d. 1686.
Grace Middlebrook.

James Blackman, b. Eng.; d. Feb. 12, 1712.
Miriam Wheeler, b. ; m. 1657; d. 1705.

Abraham Doolittle, b. Eng., 1620; d. Aug. 11, 1690.
Abigail Moss, b. 1631; d. Nov. 5, 1710.

William Ives, b. Eng., d. Nov. 23, 1648.
Hannah.

Capt. Thomas Yale, b. Eng., 1616; d. March 27, 1683.
Mary Turner, b. Eng.; d. Oct. 15, 1704.

David Atwater, b. Eng.; d. Oct. 5, 1692.
Damaris Sayre.

Jeremiah Peck, b. Eng., 1623; d. Jan. 7, 1699.
Joanna Kitchell, b. Eng., m. in Greenwich, Jan. 12, 1656.

John Cooper, b. Olney, Bucks Co., Eng., 1594.

John Thompson, b. Eng.; m. Feb. 25, 1650.
Ellen Harrison.

John Thomas, b. Eng.
Tabitha, b. Eng., 1653.

George Smith, b. Eng.

Capt. George Lamberton, b. Eng.
Margeret.

Lieutenant Gov. William Jones, b. Eng., 1623; d. Oct. 17, 1706. 84.
Hannah Eaton, b. Eng., 1633; m. July 4, 1659; d. May 4, 1707. 74.

Ninth Generation.

Thomas Bryan, b. Aylesbury, Buckinghamshire, Eng.
Robert Baldwin, Bucks Co., Eng.
Richard Baldwin, Dundridge, Bucks Co., Eng.

Richard Treat, b. England; d. 1659.

Richard Tuttle, Eng.
William Gilbert, Eng.
William Todd, Pomfret, York Co., Eng.

Anthony Alsop.
Jane Smith.

Jasper Crane, b. 1600.
Alice.

Michael Middlebrook.

John Moss, London, Eng., b. 1604; d. Wallingford, Ct., 1707. 103.
Mary Jupe, Eng., m. Boston, Apr. 20, 1654.

Rev. Adam Blackman, b. Eng., 1599; d. Stratford, Sept. 7, 1665.
Jane Wheeler, b. 1600; m. Stratford, Ct.

Moses Wheeler, b. Eng., 1598.
Miriam Hawley, b. Eng., 1600.

Thomas Yale, b. Eng.
Ann Lloyd, b. Eng.

Gov. Theophilus Eaton, b. Eng., 1590; d. Jan. 7, 1657.
Ann Lloyd.

Robert Kitchell, b. England, 1604.
Margeret Sheafe, England.

Deacon William Peck, London, Eng., b. 1601.
Elizabeth.

John Peacock, Eng., d. Hartford, 1651.
Joyce, Eng.

Sylvester Baldwin, b. Colesburg, Eng.
Jane Welles, Eng.

Capt. Nathaniel Turner, Eng.
William Potter.
John Atwater, b. Eng., March, 1569.
Thomas Sayre, b. Eng.
James Clark, b. Eng.

Col. John Jones, b. Eng., 1579; m. 1623; beheaded Oct. 16, 1660.
Henrietta Morgan Cromwell.

Tenth Generation.

Rev. Edward Sheafe, D.D., Cranbrook, b. March 15, 1559.
Elizabeth Taylor. 2. Joan Jordan.

Christopher Atwater, b. Eng. Royton, 1573.
Marion.

Rev. Richard Eaton, Coventry, Eng.
Elizabeth.

David Yale.
Francis Lloyd.

Bishop George Loyd.

Robert Treat.
Honora.

Josiah Crane, London, Eng.
Hugh Gaylord, Pitsminster, Eng.
John Clark.
William Gilbert.

John Alsop.
Jane Alsop.

Henry Baldwin, Dundridge, Bucks Co., Eng.
Joseph Hawley, Eng.

Robert Cromwell, Eng., Huntingtonshire.
Elizabeth Stewart, Eng.

Richard Smith.

Eleventh Generation.

Richard Treat, Eng.
Richard Baldwin, Dundridge, Bucks Co., Eng.
Ellen.

George Alsop, Eng.
Jane Edgarton.

Thomas Yale.
Johanna.

John Lloyd, LL.D., b. Derby, Eng.; d. 1607, Feb. 20.
Elizabeth Piggot.

Thomas Atwater, Royton, Eng., Parish of Lenham, d. 1547.
Johanna.

Thomas Alsop, Eng.
Anna Bassett, Eng.

Twelfth Generation.

John Alsop.
Elizabeth Kniveton of Manchester, Co. Derby.

Robert Atwater, Eng., d. Dec., 1522.
Thomas Piggot, Eng.; d. Dec. 12, 1590.
William Treat, Eng.

John Alsop.
Jane Beresford.

William Edgarton of Wall Grange, Eng.
William Bassett of Blore.

Thirteenth Generation.

John Atwater, Lenham, Eng., 1501.
Susan Narson.

John Treat, Eng.
Thomas Alsop, Eng.
Erdeswick.
John Beresford, Eng., 7th son.

Col. Reg. of Conn., v. X, p. 260. May Sess. 1754.

This Assembly do establish and confirm Mr. Jonathan Ives to be Lieut. of the 8th Co., or trainband in the town of New Haven, and order that he be commissioned accordingly.

1760. May Session.—Mr. Jonathan Ives to be Capt. of the 15th Co., or trainband in the 2d Regt.

1715. Oct. Sess.—Mr. Joseph Ives of New Haven in the North East Society in the town of N. H. to be Capt.
Mr. Samuel Ives to be Ensign same Co. and date.

1733. May Sess.—Mr. Joseph Cooper, Ensign of the Co. or tr. b. at the North parish in town of New Haven, Conn.

1756. Richard Bryan Jun, Ensign of the 1st Co. or tr. b. in Milford.

1709. Mr. Samuel Jones, Ensign under command of Capt. Samuel Wilbur, Saybrook.

1759. Richard Bryan, Jun. Lieut. of the 2 Co. or tr. b. of the 2d Reg.
1665. July 6, Mr. Robert Treat is established Capt. of the train band.
1669. May 13, Thomas Canfield Sergeant.
1666. page 55, Francis Bell, Stamford, Lieut.
1665. April 20, John Cooper, Deputy.
1654. Richard Baldwin, Lieut.
1656. Samuel Smith, Lieut.
1690. Samuel Buckingham, Dep.
1741. Joseph Treat, Lieut.
1741. Samuel Buckingham, Ensign.
1705. Edward Camp, Sergeant.
1762. Richard Bryan Jun, Capt.
1721. Samuel Smith, Capt.
1710. page 144. This assembly do establish and confirm Mr. John Thompson to be Lieut. of 2 Com. or train band in town of New Haven.

1695. May 14, Robert Treat elected Governor at Hartford.

1695. May 14, William Jones elected Deputy Governor, page 157.

Memorial Bridge at Milford, Conn.

Along the southern coping runs the inscription: "God sifted a whole nation that He might send choice grain into the wilderness."

On the buttress in rising order, are graven the fundamental virtues of society; Law, Order, Morality, Liberty, Charity. This stone work frames the inscriptive tablet to Governor Treat. Among the names on the rough hewn blocks of granite surmounting the copings of the bridge bearing the names of the first settlers, are:

NEWTON FREE LIBRARY
NEWTON
MASS.

TOWER ON THE MEMORIAL BRIDGE AT MILFORD, CONN.

Gov. Robert Treat.
Deacon Richard Platt.
Deacon George Clark.
Sergeant Thomas Canfield.
Ensign Alexander Bryan.
Richard Bryan.
Dr. Jasper Gunn.
Thomas Buckingham.
Miles Merwin.
Edmund Tapp.

Historic Places.

Some of the Places of Historic Interest in New Haven which were officially designated on Founders Day, by placards, April 25, 1888:

1. Six men under the direction of Joshua (brother of David) Atwater, a merchant of Kent, England, encamped near this spot in the winter of 1637.—Corner of Congress Avenue and Church Street.

2. The first sermon was preached here by Rev. John Davenport, under a huge oak tree, April 25, 1638. Tradition says that the afternoon sermon was preached by Rev. Peter Prudden, soon afterwards the first minister of Milford. Thomas Buckingham, ancestor of Gov. Buckingham, was the original proprietor of this lot.—Corner of College and George Streets.

4. Theophilus Eaton, first magistrate of the town and Governor of the Colony, was annually re-elected till his death in Jan. 1658.—Elm Street, between Orange and State.

8. Capt. Nathaniel Turner having had experience in the Pequot war was entrusted with "the command and ordering of all military affairs." He was lost in "the great ship" in 1646.—Corner Church and Wall.

13. William Jones, an English lawyer, son-in-law of Gov. Eaton, came to New Haven in 1660, was active in opposing the union of New Haven with Conn., became Deputy Gov. in 1691, and died in 1706.—Elm Street between Orange and Church Streets.

14. David Yale, father of Elihu, from whom the College is named, and brother in-law of Gov. Edward Hopkins, the founder of the Grammar School, removed to Boston in 1645, and afterwards removed to England. —Corner Orange and Grove Streets.

19. George Lamberton, captain of the great ship lost at sea in 1646.— Front of Trowbridge Sons office, State Street.

The Phanton Ship.—*By Longfellow.*

In Mather's Magnalia Christi,
Of the old Colonial time,
May be found in prose the legend
That is here set down in rhyme.

A ship sailed from New Haven,
And the keen and frosty airs,
That filled her sails at parting,
Were heavy with good men's prayers.

"Oh Lord! if it be thy pleasure—"
Thus prayed the old divine—
"To bury our friends in the ocean,
Take them, for they are thine!"

But Master Lamberton muttered,
And under his breath said he,
"This ship is so crank and walty
I fear our grave she will be!"

And the ships that came from England,
When the winter months were gone,
Brought no tidings of this vessel
Nor of Master Lamberton.

This put the people to praying
That the Lord would let them hear
What in his greatest wisdom
He had done with friends so dear.

And at last their prayers were answered:—
It was in the month of June,
An hour before the sunset
Of a windy afternoon,

When, steadily steering landward,
A ship was seen below,
And they knew it was Lamberton, Master,
Who sailed so long ago.

On she came with a cloud of canvas,
Right against the wind that blew,
Until the eye could distinguish
The faces of the crew.

Then fell her straining topmasts,
Hanging tangled in the clouds,
And her sails were loosened and lifted,
And blown away like clouds.

And the masts, with all their rigging,
Fell slowly, one by one,
And the hulls dilated and vanished,
As a sea mist in the sun!

And the people who saw this marvel
Each said unto his friend,
That this was the mould of their vessel,
And this her tragic end.

And the pastor of the village
Gave thanks to God in prayer,
That to quiet their troubled spirits,
He had sent this Ship of Air.

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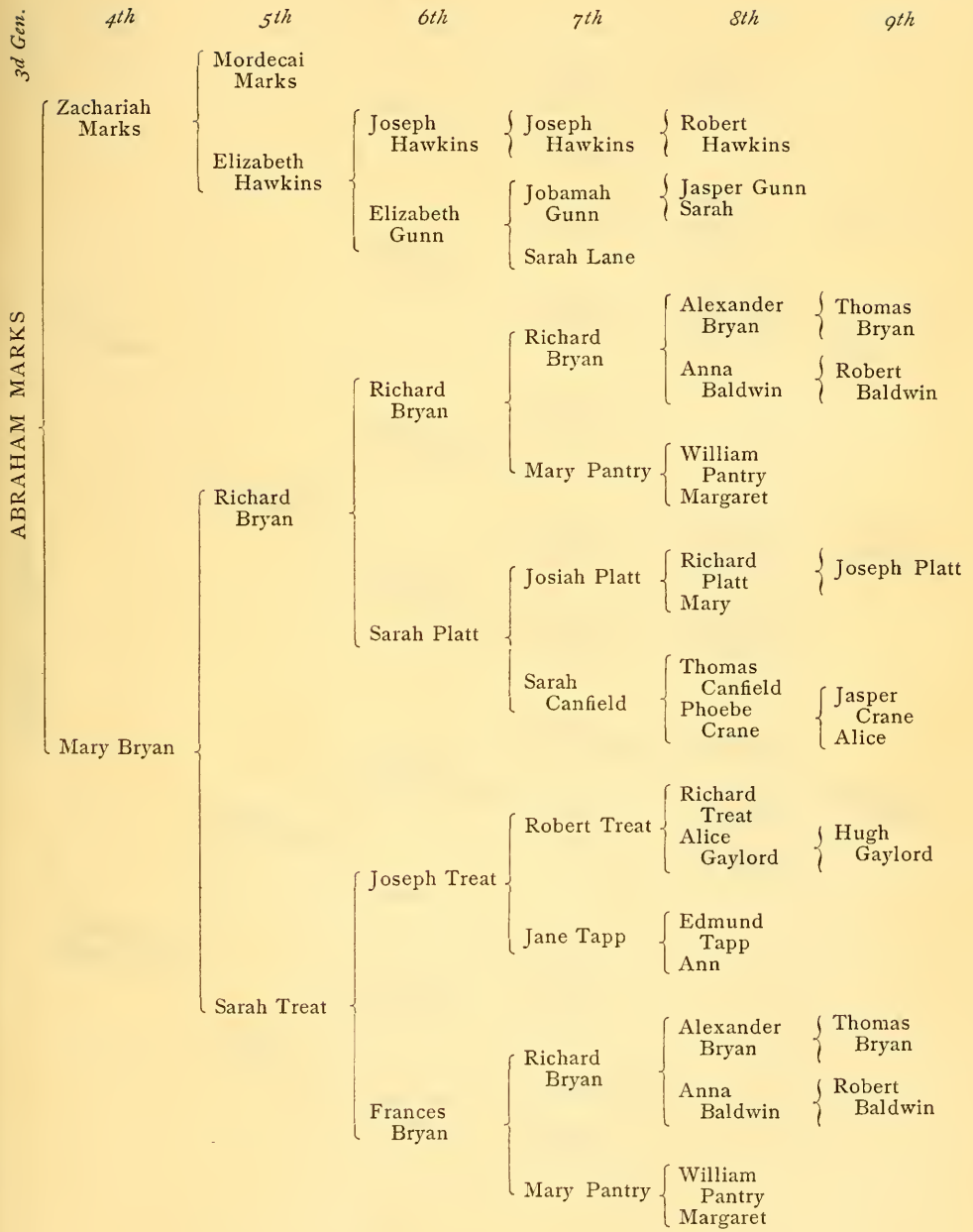
MASS.

MRS. LUCY A. (PLATT) MARKS.

ANCESTRY OF ABRAHAM MARKS



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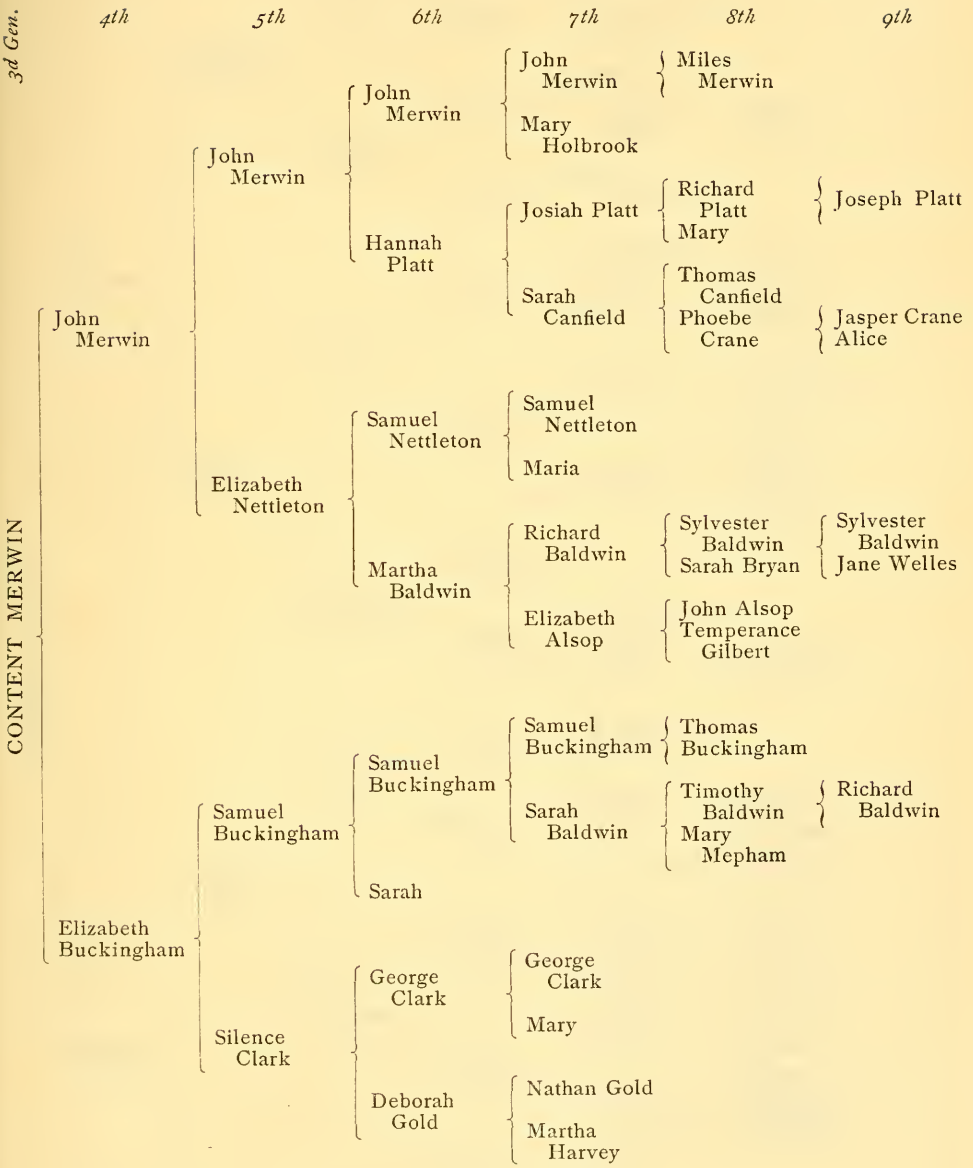


ANCESTRY OF LUCY ANN PLATT

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES

OF THE

ANCESTRY OF LUCY ANN PLATT

NATHANIEL BACON.

Nathaniel Bacon, son of William, of Stretton, Rutland Co., England, was for a time at Hartford, and became an early and important settler at Middletown, Conn. He acted as magistrate (although living in Middletown) in New Haven 1661. He drew thirty-six acres of land in a division of the public lands of Hartford in 1672. He married Ann Miller, daughter of Thomas Miller and wife Isabel in 1653. His son, Sergeant Nathaniel, married Hannah Wetmore on Feb. 5th, 1702.

"Will of Sir Nathaniel Bacon of Stipking, Co. Norfolk, in the State papers, dated Jan. 4th 1614, frequent mention of Sir Robert Mansfield the Vice Admiral etc. who married Jane Bacon, sister to Sir Nathaniel, Knight of the Bath, second son by the first wife of Lord Keeper Bacon and elder brother of the half blood to the famous Lord Verulam. Sir Thomas Gresham owned Intwood, and his daughter Anne was wife of Sir Nathaniel Bacon, and granddaughter of Sir Roger Townshend, Baronet, of Raynham, Norfolk, a noted Puritan, who with his mother in law Lady Vere (daughter of the famous Horatio Vere, Lord Vere of Tilbury) were firm friends of the Rev. John Davenport of the New Haven Colony, as his letters abundantly prove, and of the Rev. Samuel Whiting of Lynn in the Mass. Colony, the latter having served as domestic Chaplain to the Bacon and Townshend families, and in compliment to these families and other settlers, who were from Norfolk, England, who had chosen for their pastor the Rev. Samuel Whiting. This town's name was changed from the Indian one, Sagus, to Lynn, Nov. 26th, 1637, O. S."

"Edward Bacon (3d son of Lord Keeper), daughter Jane married Francis Stowe, whose mother Mabel was daughter of

Roger Harlakenden, whose family were also interested in the New England settlement."—*See Townshend Genealogy.*

Mabel Harlekendon, daughter of Richard, son of Roger, son of Thomas Harlekendon, whose mother was Catherine, daughter of Thomas Fiemes, son of Sir Thomas Fiemes, whose wife was Lady Alice Fitz Hugh, daughter of Baron Henry Fitz Hugh; son of Richard, Earl of Salisbury, son of Baron Ralph De Neville, son of John Prince of Gaunt, son of Edward III., King of England.

John Haynes, first Colonial Governor of Conn., married Mabel Harlakendon.

1. Nathaniel Bacon, m. Ann Miller.
2. Nathaniel Bacon, m. Hannah Wetmore.
3. Mary Bacon, m. Dr. Hopestill Crittenden.
4. Dr. Hopestill Crittenden, m. Abigail Heaton.
5. Sarah Crittenden, m. Jeremiah Tuttle.
6. Polly Tuttle, m. Charles Platt.
7. Lucy A. Platt, m. Amasa A. Marks.

NATHAN BRADLEY.

Nathan Bradley and Stephen Bradley came to Guilford when quite young. In 1638 the former was 20 and the latter 16 years of age. The tradition is that six or seven brothers came over from Bingley in the West Riding of Yorkshire. Nathan Bradley settled in the eastern part of the town and Stephen in Madison. Their descendants are numerous, both in Guilford and New Haven.

Nathan Bradley was quite a hunter and was the discoverer of "Nathan's Pond," the source of the Hammonassett River.

He lived to an advanced age, and is said to have killed several hundred deer. The story is told that on one occasion in old age he went to see a friend who lived about a mile northerly of the meeting house in East Guilford. On his way he met a bear with her cubs. He endeavored to ride around her; but as he moved, the bear moved; when he stopped, she stopped, and sitting on her haunches presented an undaunted front, seeming opposed to his further passage. He was obliged to turn back, and shed tears in the childishness of old age, that he, who had

killed so many of these creatures should be obliged at last to turn his back upon one of them. He died Nov. 10, 1713, wife Hester. Judge Andrew J. Bradley, of the District of Columbia, is of this stock.—*History of Guilford.*

2. Patience Bradley, m. Dr. Daniel Crittenden.
3. Dr. Hopestill Crittenden, m. Mary Bacon.
4. Dr. Hopestill Crittenden, m. Abigail Heaton.
5. Sally Crittenden, m. Jeremiah Tuttle.
6. Polly Tuttle, m. Charles Platt.
7. Lucy Ann Platt, m. Amasa A. Marks.

THOMAS CANFIELD.

1. Thomas Canfield, born in England, was one of the first settlers of New Haven Colony. He resided in Milford in 1643. He represented the town in the General Court at Hartford in 1673-74-76; was generally referred to as Sergeant Thomas Canfield. He was one of the founders of the town of New Milford and was undeniably a man of parts and power. The family is found in Hertfordshire, Eng., at the time of the Spanish Armada and as long ago as the year A. D. 1200.—*History of Norwalk.*

About four miles west of Great Canfield is the border of Hertfordshire, within which county many Canfields have lived for centuries. There are good reasons for believing this is the county from which our forefathers came.—*Canfield Gen.*

Thomas Canfield married Phoebe Crane of Wethersfield, Conn.

2. Sarah Canfield married Josiah Platt of Milford, Dec. 2, 1669.—*See Platt.*

JASPER CRANE.

Jasper Crane and Alice his wife came from the city of London, Eng., with the New Haven Colony in 1638. Subsequently removed to Branford. His occupation, merchant. He was many years a magistrate. He was associated with William Tuttle in public affairs and they were probably personal friends. They were leaders in the Delaware enterprise and in the East Haven settlement. He was one of the most prominent of the

founders of Newark, N. J., in 1666, where his name stands at the head of the list. In 1668 Treat and Crane were the first representatives in the New Jersey Legislature.

His son, Deacon Azariah, married Mary, daughter of Gov. Robert Treat.—*Tuttle Genealogy.*

His daughter Pheobe married Thomas Canfield.

New York *Mail and Express* says that General Josiah Crane was in the service of King James of Scotland. His son Jasper was born in London, A. D. 1610. Coat-of-arms.—*See Canfield.*

ABRAHAM CRITTENDEN.

Abraham Crittenden and wife Mary were among the first settlers in Guilford, 1639. He was one of the signers of the covenant and "Treasurer of the Plantation of Guilford" from 1657 to 1660.

He married 2 Joanna Sheafe, widow Chittenden. His son Abraham married Susanna Gregson.—*See Gregson.*

THOMAS FITCH.

1. Thomas Fitch from Bocking, near Braintree, Essex, England, was an early settler of Norwalk, Conn.

2. Thomas married Ruth Clark, daughter of George and Sarah, his wife, whose names are among the founders on the Memorial Bridge at Milford, Conn.

Their grandson, Gov. Thomas Fitch of Connecticut, says W. F. in the N. Y. *Mail and Express,* "used the same coat of arms on his personal and State papers as the Baronet Sir Thomas Fitch of Eltham and Mount Maschal, Kent, formerly of Blackfriars, London, and as the Ffytches of Widdington, Lyndsall, Canfield and Danbury Place, Essex, and Thorpe Hall Co., Lincoln. The pedigree is traced step by step to William, son of John Fitch, who was living in Fitch Castle (in the parish of Widdington) in the 22 year of the reign of Edward I, i. e., A. D. 1294."

3. Sarah Fitch, married John Ford, born Nov. 14, 1659.—*See Ford.*

THOMAS FORD.

Thomas Ford, one of the first settlers of Milford, whose name is on one of the coping stones of the Memorial Bridge, married Elizabeth Knowles, daughter of Alexander of Fairfield, and in 1658 he was Assistant of the Colony of Connecticut.

John Ford, born Nov. 14, 1659, died Sept. 6, 1711. Daughter Sarah, born 1697, married Ephraim Peck in Milford, Nov. 7, 1716.

Sarah, born July 14, 1717, married John Platt, born April, 1711.—*See Platt.*

THOMAS GREGSON.

1. Thomas Gregson and wife Jane came to New England in 1637 in company with Mr. Davenport, Gov. Eaton, and Mr. Edward Hopkins, and many others of good character and fortunes.

Gov. Eaton and Mr. Gregson in 1643 were sent to Boston from New Haven as commissioners to the Confederation of the Colonies of New England, in 1645 Mr. Gregson was appointed agent to procure a patent for the Colony. In 1647 Mr. Gregson, Capt. Turner, and several principle men embarked in Jan. 1647 at New Haven on a trading voyage to London, and was never heard of afterwards.—*Barber's History of New Haven.*

2. Susannah Gregson, m. Abraham Crittenden.
3. Abraham Crittenden, m. Susannah Kirby.
4. Dr. Daniel Crittenden, m. Patience Bradley.
5. Dr. Hopestill Crittenden, m. Mary Bacon.
6. Dr. Hopestill Crittenden, m. Abigail Heaton.
7. Sally Crittenden, m. Jeremiah Tuttle.
8. Polly Tuttle, m. Charles Platt.
9. Lucy A. Platt, m. Amasa A. Marks.

JAMES HAMBLIN.

1. James Hamblin or Hamlin was one of the earliest settlers of Barnstable, Mass., in 1639; wife Anne. His house lot was bounded northerly by the lot of Gov. Hinckley. He had a large estate. That region of the country is known as Hamblin's Plains.

Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, Vice President of the United States, was a descendant. "The Hamlin family is of great antiquity in Devon and Cornwall.

The branch at Parchoe was at Exeter in the 15th century."

"The History of the Hamlin Family, which has been in progress of compilation for many years, will soon be published by Hon. H. F. Andrews of Exira, Iowa. An account of the family in England from the time of the Norman Conquest 1066, and from the early settlement of this country to the present time will be given."

2. James Hamlin, Jun., was a farmer, an exemplary member of the church, and a good citizen.

He married Nov. 20, 1664, Mary Dunham (daughter of Deacon John Dunham of Dartmouth, Mass., wife Abigail); she died April 19, 1715, aged 73.

3. Deacon Ebenezer Hamlin was born July 29, 1674. He was a prominent man in Barnstable. He married April 4, 1698, Sarah Lewis. He removed to Wareham, Mass., was chosen deacon Feb. 18, 1740. He removed to Sharon, Conn., 1742. He first lived where George Skinner now lives (1898). He afterwards removed to the south part of the town, below Hitchcock's Corner.

He had five sons. Thomas was the grandfather of Philo Hamlin, who is the only descendant of Deacon Hamlin remaining in the town.

Deacon Hamlin died in 1755. By his last will he left twenty-four pounds old tenor bills, for the support of the gospel in the Congregational Society at the Corner. His son Cornelius removed to Sharon before his father.

4. Cornelius Hamlin, born in Barnstable, Mass., July 25, 1705, married in Colchester, Conn., Dec. 5, 1732, Mary Mudge (daughter of Ebenezer and Abigail (Skinner) Mudge); she was born in Lebanon, Conn., March 30, 1711. The history of

Sharon, Conn., states that he was an early settler there, chosen highway surveyor at the first election in Sharon, Dec. 11, 1739. He sold land near the centre of the town in 1742, also land to Thomas Skinner in 1743. He lived awhile near the head of Mudge's pond, afterwards in the hollow near the Iron Works, of which he was part owner. He bought land in Kent, Conn., in 1745, sold in 1746, sold land to Micah Mudge 1750. He removed to Spencertown, N. Y., 1760, but soon returned and spent the remainder of his life in Sharon. He died in Sharon, Feb. 21, 1784. His wife died Aug. 9, 1788.—*History Andrews.*

He enlisted in the War of the Revolution Nov. 18, 1776, for three years, was promoted to Corporal Nov. 1, 1777, an invalid Oct. 23, 1780. He was in Woodbridge's Company, 7th Regiment, Connecticut, from Sharon.

5. Hopestill Hamlin, b. May 29, 1749; m. Ephraim Platt, June 30, 1773.
6. Charles Platt, m. Polly Tuttle.
7. Lucy Ann Platt, m. Amasa A. Marks.

JAMES HEATON.

James Heaton, born in England, married Sarah Street in Nov. 20, 1662, daughter of Rev. Nicholas Street.

He joined the New Haven Colony and was one of the witnesses of the Dixwell Trust, also Deputy from New Haven to the General Court at Hartford in 1697-98-99. He was sent by the Church to Boston to treat with Joshua Moody in 1684.

He inherited large tracts of land; was Ensign of the train band. He died Oct. 16, 1712. His mother, Elizabeth, born in England, died in Milford, 1685, married 2 Benjamin Wilnot; 3 William Judson.—*Tuttle Genealogy.*

"In Lysons Envrons of London I find that the Manor of Perry Place (now Perry Oaks) in Middlesex, near London, was demised in 1587 to Sir Christopher Heaton for 21 years at £8 per annum, and in 1592 to Joan, wife of Richard Tuttle and her sons William and John, for their respective lives in reversion. In 1603 this estate was granted to Lord William Paget. Richard Tuttle married Joan, daughter of Richard Grafton."—*Tuttle Genealogy.*

John Richard Heaton, Esq., of Plas Heaton, Denbighshire, was Lieutenant-Colonel in the army; High Sheriff in 1870; son of John Heaton, Esq., and Elizabeth, daughter of John Jones of Cefin Cash; born at Plas Heaton; died at Bucks, 1855. Heir, his brother Charles Wilson Heaton, B.D., Rector of Aston Clinton, Bucks. Residence Plas Heaton, near Denbergh.

Crest, a Buck's head, arg.—*County Families of Wales.*

The Heatons of Plas are a branch of the Heatons of Heaton, Co. Lancaster, descended from the very early benefactors of Deneris Abbey, and first came to Wales as soldiers under Henry de Lucy, the great Earl of Lincoln, about A. D. 1287. Richard Heaton of Sleveny Green, born 1542, married 1st a daughter of the house of Gwynn; 2 Elizabeth, daughter of Cadwalder Wynn of the house of Veolas (descended from Marchwiether Lord of Is A., founder of the "noble Tribe of North Wales, and maternal grandson of Sir Roger Salisbury, Knight of the ancient and chivalrous house of Llewelly) by Winnifred, daughter of Kelm Throgmorton, Esq., and by her Richard, born 1613, married 1st Isabelle, daughter of Pier Lloyd, Frischdale."—*Salisbury Genealogy.*

Owing to the North Haven records being burned the Heaton family is not clearly traced in that town.

The land records of New Haven state that James Heaton of North Haven gave deeds of land to James, son of Nathaniel, 108 acres, house and home lot in the north part of the town, pasture at Mill Lane or the great neck near Mill river, in 1721. James Heaton deeded land (to son Ebenezer 1768) bounded by land south of the late Joseph Treat, new house on highway.

Daniel Crittenden was administrator of estate of Ebenezer Heaton, son of Ebenezer, 1721. His grandson Hopestill married Abagail Heaton May 6, 1762. His will dated May 28, 1777, probated same year, describes land in same locality as the Heaton above. His widow married Jonah Todd of Northford, and soon removed to Bethany, taking her children with them, where three others were born. Her daughter, Sarah Crittenden, married Jeremiah Tuttle.

A descendant gives the record (without proof) of Abigail, born 1741, as daughter of Ebenezer, probably son of James, son of Nathaniel, born Nov. 19, 1664, married Mary Todd. He might have been son of Seth, born March 25, 1676, married Hannah Todd, June 2, 1701.—*See Crittenden.*

JOHN KIRBY.

John Kirby of Middletown came from Warwickshire, England.

He came to New England during the autumn of 1635 in the ship Hopewell (Capt. Ball, master), being then only twelve years of age. .He came in the care of William Wood. The name Kirby is probably of Danish origin. It was originally written Kirkby from *kirke,* meaning church, and *bye,* dwelling. The earliest appearance of the name as designating a particular family is found in the title given to the Baron of Kirkby, Kendal, in Westmoreland. The first Baron Kirby was Ivo Taillebros, who came with the Conqueror. In 1372 John Kirby was made Keeper of the Great Seal, and soon afterwards Bishop of Ely. In 1322 another was created Bishop of Carlisle. In the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries there were several families in various parts of England, as has recently been published by the Harleian Society, which is in the British Museum. There is a suggestion of good family descent in the provision made by John Kirby of Middletown, in his will: that two portions of his estate should "not be sold out of the blood," but should pertain to some of my children or children's children to the end of the world. Thus it is presupposed that the testator was conscious of descent from a family of England gentry, and proud of his blood, and familiar with the entail of landed estate.

Concerning the wife of John Kirby nothing is positively known, except that her name was Elizabeth, that she married (2) Abraham Randall of Windsor, Conn., became his widow and died 1697. It is believed, however, that her name was Elizabeth Hinds, that she was the niece of Sarah (Hinds) or Hind, Cheplin, wife of Clement Cheplin, Bury St. Edmunds, and that she was born at Bury St. Edmunds, and accompanied or followed her aunt to Wethersfield, Conn., and was married to John Kirby before 1645."—*Kirby Gen., see Gregson.*

THOMAS LOMBARD.

1. Thomas Lombard was born in Tenterton, Kent, Eng., about 1580. He came to New England with wife Joyce in the Mary and John, 1630, settled in Barnstable, Mass.

2. Bernard, born in England 1607, was in Scituate, Mass., 1634.

Was Ensign of a Military Company in 1652, a place of distinction in those days.

3. Mary, born Oct. 8, 1637, married George Lewis, Jun. (son of George Lewis and Sarah Jenkins), born in England; was in Scituate 1636. He built a house in Kent St.; the men came from that county and were known as the men of Kent; married Dec. 1, 1652; died 24 March, 1709, 80.—*See Hamlin.*

JARVIS MUDGE.

1. Jarvis Mudge, born in England, was one of the first settlers of Barnstable, Mass.

2. Micah Mudge, born in England, married Mary Alexander, Sept. 23, 1670, in Barnstable. She was born Oct. 20, 1646, was daughter of George Alexander from Scotland, who married Susanna Sage, March 18, 1644, in Windsor, Conn. He bought the Jasper Barber's place southeast from the Old Mill at Windsor.

3. "Ebenezer Mudge, b. 1683, was one of the original proprietors of the town of Sharon, Ct. and was from Colchester. He married Abigail Skinner, who was born Feb. 17, 1691. He drew the twenty fifth home lot, lying on both sides of town street and embracing the place now owned by Charles L. Prindle and Baldwin Reed on the west, and by Deacon A. C. Woodward, Estate of Reuben Hunt, Mr. Terrett and Mr. Skinner on the east. In 1743 he settled on the western border of Skinner's Pond, as it was then called. Here he lived until his death Apr. 1, 1758 at the age of seventy five. He had six sons. Samuel lived on the place now owned by Baldwin Reed, which he sold 1758 to Job Gold Jr. Micah lived a while in Elsworth and was a part owner of the first mill near Wm. Emmons. He removed to Albany, N. Y. in 1758. Abrahm lived at the Solomon Pierce

place. Ebenezer removed to Canaan in 1763. Jarvis settled on the homestead, but soon sold it to Noah Munson, and left the town. Thus, this numerous and respectable family had all left the town previous to the revolutionary war, but the beautiful lake on whose borders they settled will commemorate their name through all succeeding time."—*Sedgewick's History of Sharon.*

4. Mary Mudge, b. March 30, 1711; m. Cornelius Hamlin, Dec. 5, 1732.
5. Hopestill Hamlin, b. May 29, 1749; m. Ephraim Platt in New Milford, June 30, 1773.
6. Charles Platt, m. Polly Tuttle.
7. Lucy A. Platt, m. Amasa A. Marks.

JOSEPH PECK.

1. Joseph Peck was born in England; baptized there in Aug. 23, 1623, and came to New England with his father in 1638. He resided in New Haven until 1649, when he removed to Milford. He joined the church in 1652.

He married Mrs. Alice Burwell; 2 Miss Richards. The house in which he resided has recently been taken down. It was over two hundred years old, and its appearance was exceedingly unique and ancient; two stories in front, in the lean-to style, sloping down in the rear with a gable end to the street. (The house of Capt. Cornelius Peck is on the site.)

He died in 1700. The settlement of his estate is quite lengthy and specific.

2. Joseph settled in Milford; born 1653; married Mary Camp (daughter of Edward, born in England), Jan. 27, 1678). He disposed of his estate by deeds to his sons at different times.

3. Ephraim, born 1692. He died in Newtown July, 1760. He married Sarah Ford, Nov. 7, 1716, in Milford.

4. Sarah Peck, born July 14, 1717, married John Platt.—*See Platt.*

RICHARD PLATT.

1. Richard Platt came to this country in 1638. A biographical sketch is given in the Marks Ancestry. His children, Mary, John, Isaac and Sarah, were born in England; Epenetus, born July 12, 1640; Hannah, Oct. 1, 1643; Josiah, 1645, and Joseph 1649.

The town records say that Josiah Platt and Sarah Camfield were married Dec. 2, 1669. The Church records state they were admitted to membership Oct. 22, 1672.

2. Josiah Platt mentions in his will (proved July 1, 1724-5, vol. 5, Probate Record), children: John, Josiah, Richard, Joseph, Sarah Bryan, Mary Clark, Hannah Merwin and Abagail Brisco.

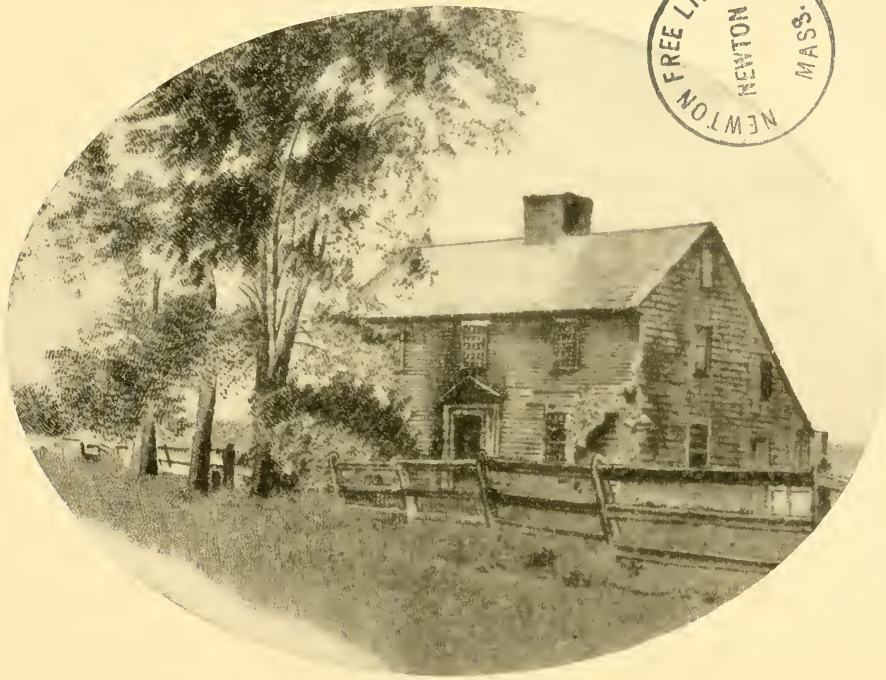
The house Josiah Platt built over two hundred years ago is still standing (1902) at Woodmont; in architecture a fine specimen of the American antique with its long retreating roof.

It is stated that Richard and his sons John and Josiah are recorded among the original purchasers of and proprietors of the town of New Milford.

3. John, son of Dea. Josiah, was born Sept. 5, 1677; married Phoebe Brace. Children Sarah, born March, 1704; Phoebe, born Aug., 1705; Ebenezer, born Jan., 1708; John, born April, 1711. Moses.

Benjamin, son of Ebenezer, was born in Danbury, 1757; removed to Columbus, Ohio. He was a worker in gold, silver and brass. He made clocks, and invented a compass, movable, for running lines over hilly land. His grandson William Augustus, son of William, married in Ohio, 1839, Fanny Arabella Hayes, only sister of ex-President Rutherford B. Hayes; their youngest daughter married Gen. Russell Hastings 1878. The ceremony was at the White House, D. C.

Alfred Platt, born April 2, 1789, founded the manufacturing hamlet of Plattsville, near Waterbury. He was son of Nathan, son of Josiah, of Milford. John Sen. was an early settler of Newtown. At a session of the General Assembly May, 1711, he was one of three appointed as "committee to lay out divisions of land in said Newtown." His home lot was on the west side of the village street, and on the corner next north of where the Congregational Church now stands.



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NEWTON

HOUSE BUILT BY JOSIAH PLATT, AT WOODMONT.
More than 200 years old.

He conveyed (Jan. 7, 1721) to his brother Josiah, of Milford, the one-fourth part of a whole right of commonage in undivided land throughout the whole township (Bk. 1, fol. 26). He conveyed land to his brother Richard of Milford, April 20, 1725. (Vol. 3 and 4, page 462.)

John Platt of Newtown conveyed land in that town to his sons Ebenezer, John and Moses in 1741.—*Platt Lineage.*

4. JOHN PLATT, born April, 1711, married Sarah Peck (daughter of Ephraim), born July 14, 1717. Children were: Ephraim, born Feb. 1, 1739, died in infancy; Ruth, born Jan. 25, 1741; Sarah, born Oct. 20, 1743; John, b. April 1, 1746; Ephraim, born Aug. 14, 1749; David, born April 8, 1751; Truman, born Nov. 16, 1756.

5. EPHRAIM married Hopestill Hamlin June 30, 1773, in New Milford. He purchased a house and sixteen acres of land in New Milford the same year and settled upon it, and lived there until he died, Sept. 26, 1798; his wife Hopestill died Oct. 29, 1808. He and his wife received covenant in the church in 1774 in New Milford. He was a skillful mechanic. He manufactured wagons; the old shop is obliterated, but the house of the lean-to style with large rooms and fireplaces is still standing, in a good state of preservation; it is occupied by a Mrs. Sherwood.

Children of Ephraim Platt and Hopestill Hamlin:

JACOB BOGARDUS, b. Aug. 14, 1774.
BETSEY, b. Dec. 13, 1776; died soon.
ZALMON, b. April 10, 1779.
BETSEY, b. July 22, 1781.
WILLIAM, b. March 19, 1784.
HENRY JARVIS, b. March 23, 1786.
CHARLES, b. June 28, 1788.
DANIEL, b. Aug. 17, 1790.

Children of Charles Platt and Polly Tuttle:

1. CHARLES ADOLPHUS, b. Dec. 11, 1814; m. Nov. 7, 1836, Elizabeth Platt, first cousin; d. July 21, 1887.
2. SUSAN MARIA, b. March 20, 1817; d. 1821.
3. WILLIAM HENRY, b. Nov. 23, 1818; d. 1819.
4. LUCY ANN, b. Oct. 24, 1824; m. Aug. 22, 1850, Amasa Abraham Marks; d. June 27, 1888.
5. JACOB BOGARDUS, b. June 15, 1827.
6. WILLIAM LYON, b. June 22, 1833; m. July 12, 1859, Juliana Force.

Children of Lucy Ann Platt and Amasa A. Marks:

1. Charles Amasa, b. in New Haven, July 19, 1851; student at Union College, Schenectady, N. Y., and Divinity, Philadelphia. In the Episcopal ministry; m. Oct. 25, 1875, Mary Devine of New York.
2. George Edwin, b. Jan. 29, 1853; graduated Union College, Class 1879, receiving degrees of A.B. and C.E., subsequently A.M., m. Louisa Ridabock Oct. 30, 1888, in New York.
3. Lucy Esther, b. April 23, 1855; d. Dec. 20, 1860.
4. Frederick Abraham, b. Aug. 4, 1857; d. Sept. 4, 1865.
5. Mary Eliza, b. May 29, 1860; d. Nov. 4, 1862.
6. William Lincoln, b. Aug. 11, 1862; m. Mary Quintard, Feb. 23, 1886; d. July 30, 1886.
7. Anna Adelia, b. Nov. 27, 1866.

THOMAS SKINNER.

1. Thomas Skinner, born in Chichester, Sussex Co., Eng., married Mary Pratt (daughter of Richard, son of John of Essex, Eng.), settled in Malden, Mass., 1630.

2. Thomas, born in England, July 25, 1645, married in Malden, Mass., Dec. 22, 1669, Mary Gould (daughter of Thomas).

3. Abigail, born Feb. 17, 1691, married Ebenezer Mudge.—*See Mudge.*

REV. NICHOLAS STREET.

1. Rev. Nicholas Street was born in England and received his education at one of the universities there; and about the year 1638 he was settled at Taunton, in the Plymouth Colony, as colleague with Mr. Hooker, at the first organization of the church there He removed to New Haven and was ordained, according to the church records, "the 26th of the 9th 1658." He appears to have been a pious, judicious modest man. His "Considerations upon the Seven Propositions concluded by the Synod," published as an appendix to Mr. Davenport's more elaborate book on the same subject, shows great clearness of thought, and some pungency of style. That he was no inferior preacher, may be inferred from the fact that he was found worthy to succeed Mr. Hooker, and that he maintained his

standing as the colleague of Mr. Davenport. The whole course of his ministry in New Haven was about sixteen years and a half.

He married Mary, the widow of Gov. Francis Newman.—*History of Wallingford.*

The first one of Rev. Nicholas Street's ancestors we know about is Richard Street of St. Somersetshire, England, a clothier, will proved 1592. His son Nicholas, will proved 1610.

Nicholas Street, Jun., gent of Bridgewater, Co. Somerset, Eng., will proved 1617 P. C. C., married Susannah Gilbut or Gilbert, born 1603. Rev. Nicholas Street, born 1603. His mother died when he was about a month old, and his father when he was 13. As the "eldest son" his father left him "myne antient estate of Roberton and also my lease of Hundred in the Marsh." The estate of Roberton belonged to the Manor of Crane Street Pryory of Taunton. The matriculation papers of Oxford University show that 'Street,' Nicholas, of Somerset, gent, entered College Nov. 2, 1621, at the age of 18. He was first at Br—— Hall, was expanded into Pembroke College. He received the degree of B.A. at Oxford, Feb. 12, 1624.—*Street Genealogy.*

The History of Wallingford says, "Rev. Nicholas Street was a grave, dignified, earnest man, wise and holy, who kept the mark of his gentle birth in all his pioneer life in the wilderness, who shrank from no responsibility, who rose to every occasion and has kept, if not his history in words, yet his memory as a sweet savor to all who came after him."

His house was on the ground where College Hall now stands, and the house of worship in which he preached was on the Green where now is the liberty pole.

2. Sarah Street, m. James Heaton, Nov. 20, 1662.

THOMAS WETMORE.

Thomas Whitmore, or Wetmore, born in 1615, came to America in 1635. Tradition says he embarked from Bristol, with four others, who were the first to settle the plantation of (Mattebessick), now Middletown, in 1649. The homestead of Thomas Wetmore was situated upon the north end of Main Street, east side, being the square now bounded north by Green St., east, a river, south on Ferry St., west on Main St. One of the most desirable locations of the town plot, part of which is still known as the Wetmore property. He represented Middletown in the General Court 1654-5. He married, Jan. 3, 1667, Mary Platt, daughter of Richard Platt of Milford. He married, 3d, Katherine Leete (widow Roberts), Oct. 8, 1673: daughter Hannah, born 1680, married Nathaniel Bacon, Feb. 5, 1701.

Leete was a name of great antiquity. Giles Leete of Suffolk and afterwards of Cambridge, married Margaret, cousin of the illustrious Francis, Lord Verulam, High Chancellor of England, and the immortal author of the Novum Organum, 1619.

Katherine Leete was supposed to have been sister of "Gov. William Leete who came to America in company with Rev. Mr. Whitfield in 1639. He was bred to the law, was son of John Leete of Dodington (who married Anna Shute, daughter of Robert Shute, one of the justices of the King's Bench), son of William Leete of Ockington, son of Thomas of Ockington, Cambridgeshire, Eng., who married Maria Slade, daughter of Edward Slade of Rushton, Northamptonshire."—*Leete Genealogy*.

2. Hannah Wetmore, m. Nathaniel Bacon.
3. Mary Bacon, m. Dr. Hopestill Crittenden.
4. Dr. Hopestill Crittenden, m. Abigail Heaton.
5. Sally Crittenden, m. Jeremiah Tuttle.
6. Polly Tuttle, m. Charles Platt.
7. Lucy A. Platt, m. Amasa A. Marks.

See Biographical Sketches in "Marks Ancestry" of David Atwater, Rev. Adam Blackman, Lieutenant Francis Bell, Samuel Blakeslee, John Cooper, Abraham Doolittle, William Ives, Robert Kitchell, John Moss, Michael Middlebrook, Rev. Edmund

Sheafe, Capt. Nathaniel Turner, William Tuttle, John Thompson, Moses Wheeler, Capt. Thomas Yale, for ancestry of Uri Tuttle and Thankful Ives, who were married in Hamden, Dec. 5, 1764.

Uri Tuttle, born in Hamden, Conn., Sept. 8, 1737, married Thankful Ives Dec. 5, 1764. Children:

1. Jeremiah, b. Oct. 14, 1765; m. Sally Crittenden.
2. Amasa, b. May 4, 1767; m. Esther Tolles.
3. Uri, burned to death; aged four years.
4. Chauncey, b. Sept. 14, 1771; m. Mrs. Elizabeth Peck.
5. Mary, b. March 25, 1773; m. Jonah Todd.
6. Uri, b. Oct. 26, 1775; m. Electa Perkins.
7. Elam, b. June 29, 1777; m. Mary Scofield.
8. Benajah, b. Sept. 13, 1781.
9. James Seymour, b. June 24, 1784; m. Sarah Gilbert.
10. Calvin, b. Dec. 14, 1786; m. Sylvia Smith.

ANCESTRAL RECORD

OF

LUCY ANN PLATT, BORN OCT. 24, 1824.

Second Generation.

Charles Platt, b. in New Milford, June 28, 1788; m. Jan. 1st, 1811; d. April, 1865.
Polly Tuttle, b. Bethany, Nov. 23, 1791; m. Jan. 1, 1811; d. Feb. 19, 1835.

Third Generation.

Ephraim Platt, b. Aug. 14, 1749; m. June 30, 1773; d. New Milford, Sept. 26, 1798.
Hopestill Hamlin, b. May 29, 1749; d. New Milford, Oct. 29, 1808.

Jeremiah Tuttle, b. Bethany, Oct. 14, 1765; d. Aug. 8, 1793.
Sally Crittenden, b. North Haven, Apr. 16, 1763.

Fourth Generation.

John Platt, b. Apr., 1711.
Sarah Peck, b. July 14, 1717.

Cornelius Hamlin, b. Sept. 25, 1705; m. 1732.
Mary Mudge, b. March 30, 1711.

Uri Tuttle, b. Hamden, Sept. 8, 1737; m. Dec. 5, 1764; d. Bethany, June 18, 1822.
Thankful Ives, b. March 14, 1749; d. Aug. 1, 1834.

Hopestill Crittenden, M.D., b. Sept. 11, 1741; m. May 6, 1762.
Abigail Heaton, b. 1741.

Fifth Generation.

John Platt, b. Sept. 5, 1677.
Phoebe Brace.

Ephraim Peck, b. 1692; m. Nov. 7, 1716. He died in Newtown, July, 1760.
Sarah Ford, b. Milford.

Ebenezer Mudge.
Abigail Skinner.

Dea. Ebenezer Hamlin, b. July 12, 1674; d. Sharon, 1755.
Sarah Lewis, m. Apr. 4, 1698.

Nathaniel Tuttle, b. Hamden, May 29, 1714; m. Jan. 16, 1737.
Mary Todd, b. Hamden, Nov. 27, 1720; d. Dec., 1742.

Jonathan Ives, b. Hamden, March 14, 1716; m. Feb. 19, 1737.
Thankful Cooper, b. Hamden, Apr. 11, 1721.

Hopestill Crittenden, M.D., b. Apr. 1718; m. 1740.
Mary Bacon, b. Middletown, Dec. 27, 1719.

Sixth Generation.

Josiah Platt, b. Nov., 1645; m. Dec. 2, 1669.
Sarah Canfield, b. May 29, 1647, Milford.

Joseph Peck, b. 1653; m. May 27, 1678.
Mary Camp, b. Milford, Apr. 21, 1652.

Thomas Skinner, b. in England; m. Dec. 22, 1669.
Mary Gould.

George Lewis, b. England.
Mary Lombard, b. Oct. 8, 1637.

Thomas Skinner, b. in England.
Mary Pratt.

James Hamlin, Jun. m. Nov. 20. 1664.
Mary Dunham.

Micah Mudge, m. Sept. 23, 1670.
Mary Alexander, b. Oct. 20, 1648.

Nathaniel Tuttle, b. Hamden, Feb. 24, 1676.
Esther Blakeslee, d. 1728.

Josiah Todd, m. Dec. 18, 1718.
Abigail Fredericks.

Samuel Ives, b. 1677; m. Jan. 3, 1705.
Ruth Atwater, b. New Haven, Dec. 31, 1688.

Joseph Cooper, b. Sept. 11, 1683.
Abagail.

Daniel Crittenden, M.D., b. May 27, 1696; d. 1751.
Patience Bradley, b. 1688; d. 1743.

Nathaniel Bacon, m. Feb. 5, 1702.
Hannah Wetmore, b. Middletown, 1680.

Seventh Generation.

Richard Platt, b. England, 1603.
Mary.

Thomas Canfield, b. England.
Phoebe Crane, b. England.

Richard Pratt, b. England.
Jarvis Mudge, b. England.

Nathaniel Bacon, b. England; m. 1653.
Ann Miller.

Abraham Crittenden, b. Nov. 8, 1662; d. May 14, 1775.
Susannah Kirby, b. May 3, 1664; m. May 6, 1686; d. Oct., 1729.

George Alexander, b. in England; m. March, 1644.
Susanna Sage, b. England.

Thomas Gould.
Jasper Crane, b. England.

Joseph Peck, b. England.

Edward Camp, b. England.

Thomas Whitmore, b. England.
Catherine Leete, b. England.

Nathaniel Bacon, b. England.
Ann Miller, b. England.

James Hamlin or (Hamblin).
Anne.

John Dunham, b. England.
Abigail.

George Lewis, b. England.
Sarah Jenkins, b. England.

Bernard Lombard, b. England.

Jonathan Tuttle, b. Charlestown, Mass., July 8, 1637.
Rebecca Bell, b. Aug., 1643; d. May 2, 1676.

John Blakeslee, b. 1651; d. March, 1713.
Grace Venteus.

John Todd, b. Dec. 2, 1642; m. Aug. 20, 1677.
Sarah Blackman, b. Apr. 25, 1658; d. Dec. 16, 1688.

William Fredericks, b. 1672; m. 1743.
Abigail Doolittle, b. Feb. 26, 1668.

Joseph Ives, Capt., b. 1642; m. Jan. 2, 1672.
Mary Yale, b. Oct. 26, 1650.

Jonathan Atwater, b. July 12, 1656; d. 1736.
Ruth Peck, b. Apr. 3, 1661; m. Jan. 1, 1681.

John Cooper, Jun., b. May 28, 1642.
Mary Thompson, b. 1652; m. Dec. 27, 1666.

EIGHTH GENERATION.

William Tuttle, b. England, 1609; d. New Haven, Jan., 1674.
Elizabeth, b. England, 1612; d. New Haven, Dec. 30, 1684.

Lieut. Francis Bell, b. England; d. Stamford, Jan. 8, 1690.
d. Stamford, 1684.

Samuel Blakeslee, b. England; d. New Haven, 1672.
Hannah Potter m. Dec. 3, 1650.

Christopher Todd, b. England, Jan., 1617; d. 1686.
Grace Middlebrook.

James Blackman, b. m. 1657; d. Feb. 12, 1712.
Mirah Wheeler, d. 1705.

Abraham Doolittle, b. England, 1620; d. Aug. 11, 1690.
Abigail Moss, b. 1631; d. Nov. 5, 1710.

William Ives, b. England; d. Nov. 23, 1648.
Hannah.

Capt. Thomas Yale, b. England, 1616; d. March 27, 1683.
Mary Turner, b. England, d. Oct. 15, 1704.

David Atwater, b. England, d. Oct. 5, 1692.
Damaris Sayre.

Jeremiah Peck, b. England, 1623; d. Jan. 7, 1699.
Joanna Kitchell, b. England; m. Greenwich, Jan. 12, 1656.

John Cooper, b. England.

John Thompson, b. England, 1604; m. Feb. 25, 1650.
Ellen Harrison.

Abraham Crittenden, b. m. May 13, 1661; d. Sept. 8, 1712.
Susannah Gregson.

John Kirby, b. England.
Elizabeth.

Thomas Lombard, b. England, 1607; d. Barnstable, Mass.
Joyce.

Thomas Miller, b. England.
Isabel.

John Jenkins, b. England.

John Pratt, b. England.

George Alexander, b. England; m. March, 1644.
Susannaze Sage.

Jasper Crane, b. England.
Alice.

NINTH GENERATION.

Richard Tuttle, b. England.
William Todd, b. England.
Michael Middlebrook, b. England.

John Moss, b. England, 1604; d. 1707, age 103.
Mary Jupe, b. England; m. Boston, April 20, 1654.

Rev. Adam Blackman, b. England, 1599; d. Sept. 7, 1665.
Jane Wheeler, b. England, 1600.

Moses Wheeler, b. England, 1598.
Miriam Hawley, b. England, 1600.

Thomas Yale, b. England.
Ann Loyd, b. England.

Robert Kitchell, b. England, 1604.
Margeret Sheafe, b. England.

Deacon William Peck, b. England, 1601.
Elizabeth.

Capt. Nathaniel Turner, b. England.
William Potter.
John Atwater, b. England, 1569.
Thomas Sayre, b. England.
Abraham Crittenden, b. England; d. Jan., 1683.
Thomas Gregson, b. England.

TENTH GENERATION.

Rev. Edmund Sheafe, D.D., b. March 15, 1559.
Elizabeth Taylor. 2. Joan Jordan.

Christopher Atwater, b. England.
Marion.

David Yale, b. England.
Francis Lloyd, England.

Bishop George Lloyd, England.

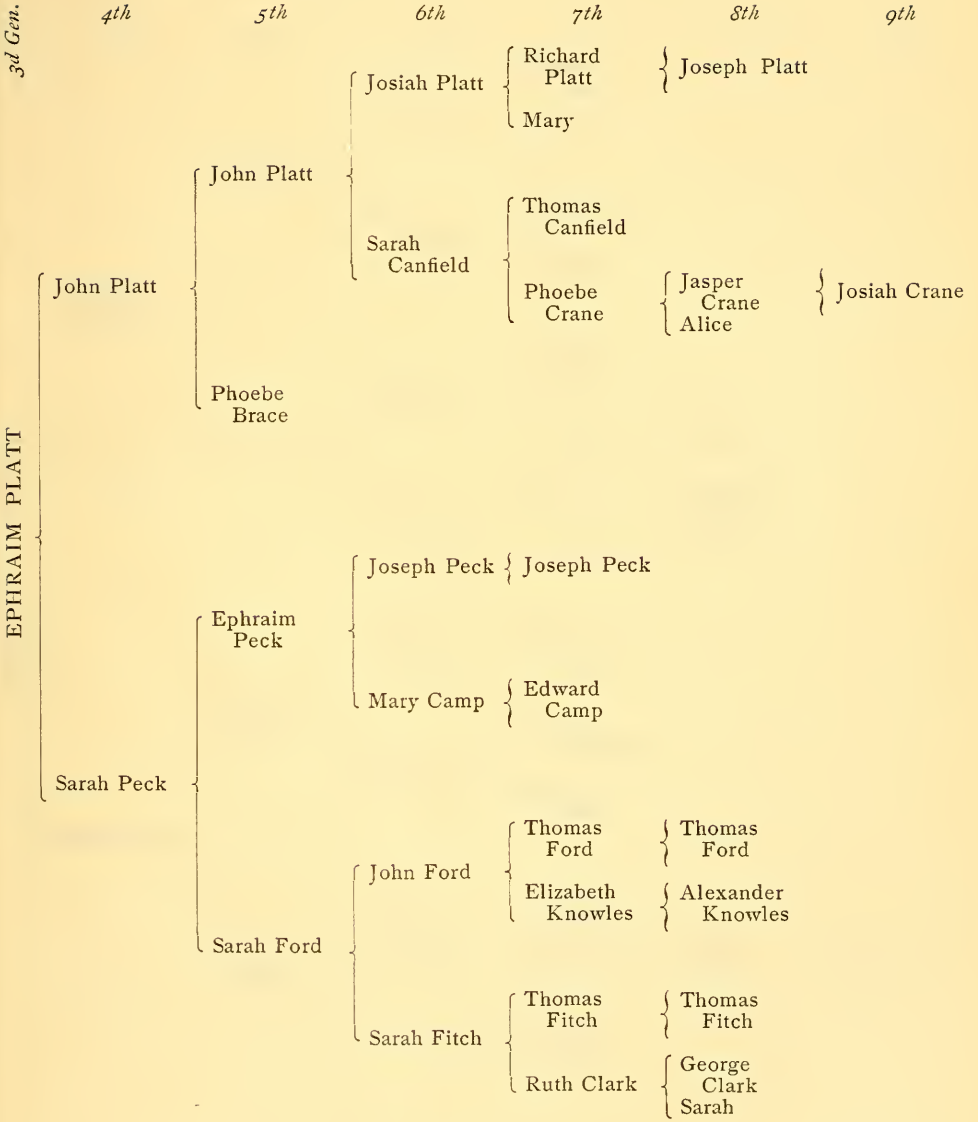
Ephraim Peck enlisted 1775, Col. Waterbury 1st Company, David Waterbury Capt., May 13 to Oct. 8.

John Platt enlisted 1775, Col. Waterbury 8 Company, Joseph Smith Capt., May 12, discharged 12, reentered 1776; David Platt also same time 1776.

John Platt, Col. Bradley's Battalion Capt. Mills Company, enlisted July 2, discharged Nov. 16; prisoner at Fort Washington 9 Reg. N. Y. 1776, Capt. Comstock's Conn., Aug. 12, discharged Sept. 11.

Ephraim Peck, b. 1692, was Ensign of Train Band in Newtown 1734, Capt. 1740, Deputy 1750.

ANCESTRY OF EPHRAIM PLATT



ANCESTRY OF SARAH CRITTENDEN

JEREMIAH TUTTLE.

For chart of Jeremiah Tuttle, b. Oct. 14, 1765, see chart of his brother Amasa Tuttle, b. May 4, 1767.*

Children of Jeremiah Tuttle and Sarah Crittenden. (He died Aug. 8, 1793. His widow m. Gideon Johnson; one son, Sheldon, M.D. He m. a daughter of Dr. Stoddard, of Seymour, Conn.)

1. SALLY, b. Oct. 11, 1787; m. Sylvanus Noble of New Milford, Conn. Son: Louis Le Grand, b. Sept. 26, 1811, in Otsego Co., N. Y.; removed to Michigan, where he entered college; was ordained to the ministry of the Protestant Episcopal Church in 1840; Professor of Belles Lettres and English Literature in St. Stephen's College, Armandale, N. Y., 1877. He was author of several books, "Lady Angeline," and other poems. He died 1882. (2) Sally Jeannette, b. May 28, 1813; m. Amos Gray, M.D.
2. CHARLES, b. Oct., 1787, twin with Sally; removed to New York State 1810; m. Ruth Jones 1816. Children: (1) Emily. (2) Delos. (3) Le Roy, b. June 1, 1821; m. Adelaide Merry March 24, 1857. He removed West; was a banker and broker. Later he was employed in Washington, D. C., as Assistant Treasurer in the U. S. Treasury. After holding that position fourteen years he resigned at the same time with Gen. Spinner. He died suddenly in Washington, leaving a widow and one son, Le Roy, b. March 19, 1858. (4) Melinda, b. May 3, 1823; m. her cousin Edwin A. Tuttle of Bethany, Conn. (5) Calista. (6) Jared, died unmarried. (7) Alma, b. Dec. 9, 1830; m. Abram Zoller, Jan. 17, 1854 (dau. Jessie, b. 1857, grad. Vassar College 1880). (8) Jennette, b. Aug. 10, 1833; died unmarried. (9) Julia, b. April 28, 1839; m. Dr. John Curtiss.
3. ALMA, m. Jared Tuttle.
4. POLLY, b. Nov. 23, 1791; m. Charles Platt.
5. JEREMIAH, m. Minerva Tanner.

* Chart of Amasa Tuttle is opposite page 72.

AMASA TUTTLE.

Children of Amasa Tuttle and Esther Tolles:*

1. Sarah Bellamy, b. May 18, 1791; m. Eliakim Smith, son of Jonathan and Susanna (Tuttle) Smith of West Haven, Conn. (1) Henry Amasa, b. April 17, 1814; m. Catherine Bradley, Jan. 8, 1837. Son (i) John Cotton, m. Mary Bryant, niece of William Cullen Bryant the poet. (ii) Henry A., Jr., b. May 31, 1849, a merchant in Chicago. (iii) Ida B., b. March 31, 1855. (2) Laura, b. April 5, 1815; m. William Dickerman. Daughter Cora, b. Oct. 5, 1852; m. Rev. Clarence Colton, who died 1890. She married (2) Rev. Samuel Payne of Florida.
2. Esther Tolles, b. Dec. 23, 1792; m. Levi M. Marks.

* See Chart facing page 72.

ERRATA.

Page 9, 8th line from bottom, Wheeler for Hawley.

Page 25, 18th line from top, Lydia French, may be an error.

Page 27, 11th line from bottom, Elizabeth for Esther.

Page 87, 1st line from bottom, Georgiana Force.

Page 93, 13th line from top, T. Skinner and Mary Pratt should be 7th Generation.

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